ANDREW FLORES California State Bar Number 272958 2 | Law Office of Andrew Flores 945 4th Avenue, Suite 412 San Diego, CA 92101 Telephone: 619.256.1556 Facsimile: 619.274.8253 5 And rew @Flores Legal. Pro6 Plaintiff In Propria Persona 7 and Attorney for Plaintiffs Amy Sherlock and Minors T.S. and S.S. 9 10 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 11 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 12 13 ANDREW FLORES, an individual, AMY Case No.: 20-CV-000656-JO-DEB 14 SHERLOCK, on her own behalf and on behalf of her minor children, T.S. and **DECLARATION OF ATTORNEY** 15 S.S. ANDREW FLORES: EX PARTE 16 APPLICATION FOR ORDER Plaintiffs, SHORTENING TIME ON (1) 17 VS. MOTION TO VACATE ORDER 18 OR, (2) ALTERNATIVELY, A GINA M. AUSTIN, an individual, AUSTIN 19 STAY OF ACTION LEGAL GROUP APC, a California Corporation; LAWRENCE (AKA LARRY) GERACI, an 20 individual; TAX & FINANCIAL CENTER, Complaint Filed: April 3, 2020 INC., a California Corporation; REBECCA 21 BERRY, an individual; JESSICA MCELFRESH, Judge: Hon. Jinsook Ohta 22 an individual; SALAM RAZUKI, an individual; NINUS MALAN, an individual; 23 MICHAEL ROBERT WEINSTEIN, an individual; SCOTT TOOTHACRE, an 24 individual; ELYSSA KULAS, an individual; 25 FERRIS & BRITTON APC, a California Corporation; DAVID DEMIAN, an individual, 26 ADAM C. WITT, an individual, RISHI S. BHATT, an individual, FINCH, THORTON, and 27 BAIRD, a Limited Liability Partnership, JAMES D. CROSBY, an individual; ABHAY SCHWEITZER, an individual and dba TECHNE;

JAMES (AKA JIM) BARTELL, an individual; 1 BARTELL & ASSOCIATES, a California Corporation; NATALIE TRANG-MY 2 NGUYEN, an individual, AARON MAGAGNA, 3 an individual; A-M INDUSTRIES, INC., a California Corporation; BRADFORD 4 HARCOURT, an individual; ALAN CLAYBON, and individual; DOUGLAS A. PETTIT, an 5 individual, JULIA DALZELL, an individual, MICHAEL TRAVIS PHELPS, an individual; 6 THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO, a municipality; 7 2018FMO, LLC, a California Limited Liability Company; FIROUZEH TIRANDAZI, an 8 individual; and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, 9

Defendants.

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Pursuant to the Court's inherent power and Federal Rule of Civil Procedure (FRCP) 60, Plaintiffs – attorney Andrew Flores, Amy Sherlock, and her two minor children, T.S. and S.S. (the "Sherlock Family") – respectfully move the Court to grant this ex parte application ("Application"), issue an order shortening time on a hearing to vacate this Court's order issued on March 23, 2022 ("Order"), and deem this Application the moving papers.¹

The Order granted defendant F&B's² motion to dismiss ("MTD"). Good cause exists to grant this Application. Good cause exists to grant this Application and vacate the Order because the Court mistakenly made an error of law in applying the doctrine of collateral estoppel to Plaintiffs and granting F&B *Noerr-Pennington* immunity; based on new evidence; and because the Order is the product of a fraud on the court.

Good cause exists for this Application. Stated in plain words, the new evidence - records of the City of San Diego' Development Services Department (DSD) - provides conclusive proof that defendants have conspired to illegally acquire ownership interests

¹ The Order is attached hereto as Ex. A and the transcript from the hearing is attached hereto as Ex. B.

² "F&B" means defendants Michael Weinstein, Scott H. Toothacre, Elyssa Kulas, Rachel M. Prendergast, and Ferris & Britton, APC.

in cannabis businesses. And in furtherance of that conspiracy, highly probably had a role in the death of Michael Sherlock, the husband and father of the Sherlock Family.

This Court cannot fail to vacate the Order that finds a state court judgment is valid when it is void for, *inter alia*, enforcing an illegal contract procured through an attorney-client conspiracy. The same conspiracy that the evidence strongly indicates may include the murder of Mr. Sherlock. Materially, once the new evidence was discovered and Plaintiffs demanded additional connected records from the City, the City communicated on October 7, 2022, that it has "lost" the additional records requested that would specifically prove forged documents were processed by DSD employees and which DSD employees did so. This is a clear evidence of a cover up and evidence of what the Court must know to be true, defendants who are jointly liable for tens of millions of dollars, are taking steps to eliminate and cover up evidence of their wrongdoing. Ex parte relief is not just warranted, it is required based on the evidence presented and undisputed facts.

On October 12, 2022, plaintiff attorney Andrew Flores provided notice to all parties that this Application would be filed (as set forth in the proof of service). However, Flores notes that pursuant to Local Rule 83.3(g)(3), no notice is required. All defendants *and* their attorneys are liable for filing sham pleadings in this action; they have violated their affirmative duty to prevent and disclose a fraud upon the court. It is futile to seek their consent to this Application the granting of which will automatically mean they have ratified criminal activity.

Law Offices of Andrew Flores

Plaintiff *In Propria Persona*, and Attorney for Plaintiffs AMY SHERLOCK, and Minors T.S. and S.S.

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tase 3:20-cv-00656-JO-DEB Document 43 Filed 10/12/22 PageID.1813 Page 8 of 110 **State Cases** Engebretsen v. City of San Diego, No. D068438, Kenney v. Tanforan Park Shopping Ctr., Nos. G038323, G039372, Salam Razuki v. Ninus Malan, No. D075028, **State Statutes** California Business & Professions Code **Federal Rules of Civil Procedure** MOTION TO VACATE VOID ORDER OR, ALTERNATIVELY, STAY OF ACTION

INTRODUCTION

I. The Application.

Plaintiffs seek the Court grant this Application for the reasons set forth below. However, if the Court finds Order is not void, then Plaintiffs request the Court issue a stay. If the Order is not void then attorney Flores cannot legally or ethically continue to represent the Sherlock Family as he has committed legal malpractice and constructive fraud. The Sherlock Family requires alternate counsel to file an amended complaint based on the new evidence discovered.

II. The dispositive question of law - can "shall deny" be interpreted to mean "permissive and not mandatory"?

This Civil Rights action and Application come down to one simple question of law. In California, a party must apply and acquire a state license to operate a cannabis business. California Business & Professions Code (BPC) § 26057 materially provides that:

The California Department of Cannabis (DCC) <u>shall deny</u> an application if the applicant has been sanctioned by a city for unauthorized commercial cannabis activities in the three years immediately preceding the date the application is filed with the DCC.

The question of law is: If the DCC <u>must</u> deny an application by an applicant who has been sanctioned for unlicensed commercial cannabis activities (e.g., operating illegal marijuana dispensaries), can a sanctioned party own a license without even applying? Plaintiffs' position is that the plain language of this law means they cannot.

Defendants F&B and Austin disagree.³ First, they argue a sanctioned party does not even have to apply to own a license for a cannabis business because they can acquire ownership in the name of an agent via an application that does not disclose the agency with the sanctioned party (the "Strawman Practice").⁴ Second, they argue the language of

³ "Austin" means defendants Gina M. Austin and the Austin Legal Group, APC.

⁴ The First Amended Complaint (FAC) and related pleadings in related matters generally refer to the "Strawman Practice" by defendants as the "Proxy Practice." However, on

BPC § 26057 is "permissive and not mandatory" and grants the DCC "complete discretion" to deny an application by a sanctioned party.

If F&B and Austin are purposefully misrepresenting the law, as a matter of law, then that conclusively means they have conspired with sanctioned parties for their illegal ownership of cannabis businesses via the Strawman Practice. Plaintiffs allege the Strawman Practice is an illegal practice by parties to a sophisticated attorney-client criminal organization that includes defendants F&B, Austin, Firouzeh Tirandazi (a City Project Manager III, responsible for processing CUP applications), Lawrence Geraci, Salam Razuki, Ninus Malan, Bradford Harcourt and, non-named party, Stephen Lake (the "Cartel").⁵ Plaintiffs allege the goal of the Cartel is to create a monopoly in the cannabis market in the County and City of San Diego (the "Antitrust Conspiracy").

III. New evidence provides probable cause to believe that the Cartel's acts in furtherance of the Antitrust Conspiracy may include the staged suicide of Michael Sherlock.

Plaintiffs allege that the actions taken in furtherance of the Antitrust Conspiracy include threats and acts of violence against litigants and third parties. The new evidence reflects that defendants Harcourt, Lake, Razuki and Malan were working together at the same time to defraud the Sherlock Family of the Sherlock Property.⁶ The reasonable

August 19, 2022, plaintiff Amy Sherlock, among others, met with Special Agents of the Public Corruption Unit of the Federal Bureau of Investigation regarding public corruption at the City of San Diego and by officers of the court in relation to this and related matters. The FBI agents understood the "Proxy Practice" to be widespread in the cannabis industry and referred to it as the "Strawman Practice." Plaintiffs hereinafter do the same.

⁵ "A cartel constitutes a naked agreement among competitors unaccompanied by any integration of resources." (*SCFC ILC, Inc. v. Visa USA, Inc.*, 36 F.3d 958, 963 (10th Cir. 1994). (*See*, *e.g.*, FAC at ¶¶ 64-71 (Razuki attempting to have Malan kidnapped and murdered); *id.* at ¶¶ 91-94 (Razuki/Malan defrauding Harcourt of a cannabis conditional use permit (CUP)).)

⁶ The "Sherlock Property" means Mr. Sherlock's ownership interests in the following property that was acquired prior to his death: (1) membership interest in Leading Edge Real Estate, LLC ("LERE"), which acquired and owned the Balboa Property (located at

factual inferences from this new evidence, coupled with existing evidence, lead to a logical conclusion. Harcourt, Lake, and Razuki had motive to conspire to stage Mr. Sherlock's 3 death to look like a suicide so they could, and did, defraud the Sherlock Family of their ownership interests in the Balboa and Ramona Dispensaries worth in excess of \$10,000,000.

IV. Illegal contracts in furtherance of the Strawman Practice are being enforced, ratified, and given effect by the trial and appellate courts in both the federal and state judiciaries (the "Strawman Cases").

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Attached hereto as Exhibit C is a list of the Strawman Cases, and case numbers, in which the Strawman Practice is being enforced, ratified, or plays a material part in the litigation (individually referred to as Cotton I - VII and Razuki I - IV). Attached hereto as Exhibit D is case information and statistics regarding the parties, attorneys, and judges in the Strawman Cases. A total of 11 actions have been filed in San Diego – 7 in the San Diego County Superior Court, and 4 in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California. Eight judges have presided over the Strawman Cases (3 more recused themselves), which involve 120 parties represented by at least 60 attorneys from 40 different law firms, and the combined docket entries as of the date of this Application are in excess of 4,130.

As further explained below, exposing the judicial ratification and enforcement of the Strawman Practice in the Strawman Cases has been impossible for attorney Flores to accomplish in over 2 ½ years as a solo practitioner with limited resources. Flores believes there is a judicial conspiracy to not expose the judicial enforcement of the Strawman Practice because that would result in the nullification of every judgement and order by

⁸⁸⁶³ Balboa Ave, Suite E, San Diego, CA 92123); (2) the Balboa CUP (issued at the Balboa Property); and (3) the Ramona CUP, issued at the Ramona Property (located at 1210 Olive Street, Ramona, CA 92065). The "Balboa Dispensary" refers to the cannabis retail dispensary that operates at the Balboa Property pursuant to Balboa CUP. The "Ramona Dispensary" refers to the cannabis retail dispensary that operates at the Ramona Property pursuant to the Ramona CUP.

every federal and state judge that enforces, ratifies or gives effect to the illegal Strawman Practice (the "Judicial BPC § 26057 Conspiracy"). (*See* Affidavit of Andrew Flores (AF) at ¶¶ 4-13.)

MATERIAL FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS IN THE FAC, FACTS SUBJECT TO JUDICIAL NOTICE, AND NEW EVIDENCE

I. Background.

- A. California's cannabis licensing laws and material cannabis cases.
 - 1. The California Legislature and the Department of Cannabis Control.

The California Legislature set forth in BPC § 26055 that the DCC "may issue state licenses *only* to qualified applicants." Further, that pursuant to BPC § 26057, the DCC "*shall deny* an application if the applicant has been sanctioned by a city for unauthorized commercial cannabis activities in the three years immediately preceding the date the application is filed with the [DCC]." The DCC has interpreted the language of the preceding statutes to mean the following:

The Act requires that the [DCC] *only* issue licenses to qualified applicants and that the [DCC] deny an application if either the applicant or the premises do not qualify for licensure. (Bus. & Prof. Code sections 26055 and 26057.) In order determine if an applicant is qualified for licensure the Act requires that an application contain certain information about the premises, the owner, and the commercial cannabis business and its operations. (Bus. & Prof. Code section 26051.5.) The Bureau cannot waive the requirements of the Act and must fulfill its duty under the Act.

(DCC SOR at 9.)⁹ The California Legislature also passed BPC § 26053 that states: "All commercial cannabis activity shall be conducted between licensees." ¹⁰ The DCC has

⁷ Request for judicial notice (RJN) Ex. 1 (California Business & Professions Code (BPC) § 26055(a) (former § 19320(a)) (emphasis added)).

⁸ RJN Ex. 2 (BPC § 26057 (former § 19323) (cleaned up, emphasis added)).

⁹ RJN Ex. 3 (The "'DCC SOR" means the Bureau of Cannabis Control, California Code of Regulations Title 16, Division 42, Medical and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation, Addendum to the Final Statement of Reasons, published January 15, 2019).

¹⁰ RJN Ex. 4 (BPC § 26053(a) (former § 19320(a)).

adopted a regulation interpreting this language to mean: "Licensees <u>shall not</u> conduct commercial cannabis activities on behalf of, at the request of, or pursuant to a contract with any person who is <u>not</u> licensed under the Act." The Strawman Practice is explicitly declared illegal by statute and regulation by the Legislature and the DCC. (Id.)

BPC §§ 26051.5, 26055, 26057, 26053, and Cal. Code Regs. tit. 16, § 5032(b) collectively referred to as "California's Cannabis Laws."

2. Defendants City of San Diego and Finch, Thornton & Baird: Engerbretsen v. City of San Diego.

In May 2015, defendants David Demian, Adam Witt, and Finch, Thornton & Baird (collectively ("FTB")), filed a verified petition for writ of mandate directing the City to: (1) recognize plaintiff Rick Engebretsen as the sole applicant for a cannabis conditional use permit (CUP) application in the name of Radoslav Kalla on his real property (the "Kalla Application") and (2) process the Kalla Application with Engebretsen as the sole applicant. The City did not oppose Engebretsen's writ petition, which was granted by the trial court in June 2015. (*Id.* at *1.) On appeal, Kalla argued he was not acting as Engebretsen's agent in pursuing the Kalla Application. (*Id.* at *10.) The Court found the evidence contradicted their argument and that Engebretsen "was able to terminate Kalla's agency with respect to the [Kalla] Application at any time, as a principal is entitled to do." (*Id.* at *12.)

Kalla also argued the City did not have a ministerial duty to recognize Engebretsen as the sole applicant warranting mandamus relief. (*Id.* at *12.) The court disagreed:

Engebretsen showed that the City <u>must</u> process and issue applications for conditional use permits consistent with relevant laws and procedures. (SDMC, § 112.0102, subds. (a) & (b).) Engebretsen demonstrated he was the only person who possessed the right to use the Property, Kalla never independently possessed such a right, Kalla was acting for Engebretsen's

¹¹ RJN Ex. 5 (Cal. Code Regs. tit. 16, § 5032(b) (emphasis added)).

¹² RJN Ex. 6 (*Engebretsen v. City of San Diego*, No. D068438, 2016 Cal. App. Unpub. LEXIS 8548, at *2-3 (Nov. 30, 2016)).

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benefit in completing the [Kalla] Application (Civ. Code, § 2330), and Engebretsen had terminated Kalla's agency. Under the circumstances, the City had a ministerial duty to process the CUP application for Engebretsen, the Property owner.

(Id. at *15 (emphasis added).)

The Strawman Practice has <u>already</u> been held to be illegal by a Federal 3. District Court in the State of Washington: Polk v. Gontmakher.

In Polk I, Evan Polk (plaintiff) and Leonid Gontmakher (defendant) entered into an agreement to create a cannabis cultivation business ("NWCS") in the State of Washington. 13 However, because Polk was "prohibited from obtaining a producer or processor license under [Washington law], absent mitigation of his criminal convictions," the parties agreed that "Polk's 'interest' would be held in the name of one of Mr. Gontmakher's relatives." (Id. at *3, 4.) In other words, the Strawman Practice. Thereafter, the parties had a dispute and Polk filed suit alleging he is entitled his ownership interest in NWCS and to past and future profits. (Id. at *4.) The Polk court dismissed Polk's original complaint regarding the legality of ownership pursuant to the Strawman Practice as follows:

Mr. Polk's agreement is also illegal under Washington law.... Enforcing Mr. Polk's agreement undermines this purpose by allowing him to profit from an illegal agreement intentionally forged outside the bounds of the state regulatory system.... Mr. Polk's interest in NWCS was illegal from the very beginning and he knew it.... The Court will not enforce an illegal contract.

(Polk I at *6-8.) The Polk court dismissed Polk's third amended complaint with prejudice pursuant to the following reasoning:

Under Washington law, "[a] marijuana license must be issued in the name(s) of the true party(ies) of interest."¹⁴

¹³ RJN Ex. 7 (*Polk v. Gontmakher*, No. 2:18-cv-01434-RAJ, 2019 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 146724, at *3 (W.D. Wash. Aug. 28, 2019) (*Polk I*)).

¹⁴ RJN Ex. 8 (*Polk v. Gontmakher*, No. 2:18-cv-01434-RAJ, 2021 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 53569, at *5 (W.D. Wash. Mar. 22, 2021) (*Polk III*)).

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Plaintiff does not dispute that his claims seeking a share of profits generated by NWCS would make him a true party of interest under the statute. Because he has not been identified as a true party of interest in NWCS or vetted by the [Washington Liquor and Cannabis Board ("LCB)"], any grant of relief based on entitlement to a share of NWCS's profits would be in violation of the statute. In other words, by affording Plaintiff such relief, the Court would be effectively recognizing him as a true party of interest in subversion of the LCB and in violation of Washington state law. The Court cannot require payment of a share of NWCS's profits to Plaintiff based on his alleged rights to such profits—either through enforcement of the contract or disgorgement of unjust enrichment and related breaches of equity—without violating state statute. See Bassidji v. Goe, 413 F.3d 928, 936 (9th Cir. 2005) (holding that "courts will not order a party to a contract to perform an act that is in direct violation of a positive law directive, even if that party has agreed, for consideration, to perform that act"). The Court could not, therefore, grant relief on any of Plaintiff's causes of action. Plaintiff thus fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

(Id. at *6-7 (emphasis added)).

B. <u>Lawrence Geraci/Rebecca Berry and Salam Razuki/Ninus Malan.</u>

Geraci has had two judgements entered *against* him, in 2014 and 2015, for operating three illegal cannabis dispensaries (the "Geraci Judgments"). (RJN Exs. 9, 10.) Geraci has had two judgments rendered in his *favor* by Judge Joel Wohlfeil, in 2018 and 2019, that enforce a contract whose object is his ownership of a cannabis CUP applied for in the name of his secretary, defendant Rebecca Berry (the "Berry Application"), via the Strawman Practice. (RJN Exs. 11 (*Cotton II* judgment) and 12 (*Cotton I* judgment). (*See* FAC Ex. 3 (Ownership Disclosure Statement submitted as part of Berry Application falsely certifying Berry as the true and sole beneficiary of the CUP applied for at Darryl Cotton's real property by Geraci (the "Federal Property")).)

Salam Razuki has had a judgment entered *against* him for operating an illegal cannabis dispensary (the "Razuki Judgment"). (RJN Ex. 13.) Razuki and Ninus Malan *have* created a \$40,000,000 cannabis empire via the Strawman Practice with the necessary CUPs and licenses issued in Malan's name. The courts have enforced and ratified this illegal agreement in numerous litigation matters, including the California Court of

Appeals. (See, e.g., RJN Ex. 14 (the "Razuki Decision")¹⁵ at *51 (describing Razuki and Malan's agreement for assets to be held in Malan's name via Strawman Practice and not realizing it is an illegal practice that violated BPC §§ 19323/26057.)

C. <u>Judge Wohlfeil's Bias Statements.</u>

On August 2, 2018, Flores made a special appearance before Judge Wohlfeil in the *Cotton I* action and informed him a petition seeking his recusal would be filed against him due to a statement he made that proves bias at a hearing he held on January 5, 2018 in both the *Cotton I* and *Cotton II* actions. (AF at ¶ 14; *see* RJN Exs. 15-18.)

Specifically, that on January 5, 2018, in response to allegations by Cotton, Judge Wohlfeil stated, as to attorneys Weinstein, Austin, David Demian, Adam Witt and Jana Will, they "are not capable of acting unethically because he has known them from their years of practice before him in other matters" (the "Trusted Attorneys"). (AF at ¶ 15.)

In response to Flores' recitation of his January 15, 2017 statement, Judge Wohlfeil responded that he "may" have made that statement regarding his Trusted Attorneys. (AF at ¶ 16.) Further, that as to Weinstein, that he may have made that statement "because he has known Weinstein since early on in their careers when they were both young attorneys and both started their practice" of law (collectively with the January 25, 2018 statement, Judge Wohlfeil's "Bias Statements"). (*Id.*; *see* RJN Ex. 19 (verified petition of statement of disqualification seeking recusal of Judge Wohlfeil based on Bias Statements and refusal to address facts that establish illegality of the Strawman Practice); RJN Ex. 20 (Judge Wohlfeil's order denying petition, but *not* denying he made the Bias Statements).)

II. Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint.

On July 9, 2020, Plaintiffs filed the FAC. (ECF No. 17.) The first paragraph of the FAC states: "Plaintiffs seek this Federal Court's protection to enable them to access the State of California (the 'State') judiciary to vindicate their rights free of judicial bias, illegal litigation tactics, and acts and threats of violence against themselves and material

¹⁵ The "Razuki Decision" means Salam Razuki v. Ninus Malan, No. D075028, 2021 Cal. App. Unpub. LEXIS 1168 (Feb. 24, 2021).

third-party witnesses." (*Id.* at ¶ 1.) Plaintiffs alleged the existence of the Cartel's Antitrust Conspiracy and the Strawman Practice taken in furtherance thereof. (*See, gen.*, FAC.) Materially, the FAC alleged that Razuki's employee, now identified as Phil Zamora, had provided an interview with an investigative reporter after Razuki had been arrested by the FBI for attempting to have Malan kidnapped and murdered. (*Id.* at ¶ 72.) A transcript of that interview is attached as Exhibit F hereto. (AF at ¶¶ 17-20.)

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As to Flores, Plaintiffs alleged that Judge Wohlfeil's denial of his motion to intervene in *Cotton I* deprived Flores of Constitutional right to not be deprived of property without due process. (*See* FAC at ¶¶ 264-265; *see* RJN Ex. 21 (email from Cotton to Tirandazi that the Berry Application be transferred to Flores' predecessor-in-interest pursuant to *Engerbretsen*); *id.* at Ex. 22 (City's Answer to *Cotton II* petition for writ of mandate to recognize Cotton as owner of Berry Application); *id.* at Ex. 23 (Judge Wohlfeil's order denying Flores' motion to intervene as an indispensable party as the equitable owner of the Federal Property in *Cotton I*).)

The FAC is 84-pages long and includes eight (8) Exhibits that materially include emails from Cotton to dozens of parties, including federal, state and city government officials and attorneys alleging, *inter alia*, the Strawman Practice is illegal. (*See* FAC at Exs. 7, 8.) The FAC concludes with "Plaintiffs will collectively file suit in state court against defendants for, *inter alia*, violations of the Cartwright Act…" (*See id.* at 45:27-28.) On December 22, 2021, Plaintiffs filed their operative complaint in their state antitrust action (the "State Antitrust Action")¹⁶ seeking, *inter alia*, damages for the Cartel's actions in furtherance of the Antitrust Conspiracy in violation of the Cartwright Act. (RJN Ex. 24.)

III. <u>Lake and Harcourt have defrauded the Sherlock Family of the Sherlock Property and they did so to sell the Balboa CUP and Property to Razuki.</u>

A. <u>Lake's narrative that Mr. Sherlock was "broke" and suffering from CTE.</u>

¹⁶ The "State Antitrust Action" means *Sherlock, et al. v. Austin, et al.*, San Diego Superior Court, Case No. 37-2021-0050889 (referred to as *Cotton VII* in Exhibit A).

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Mr. Sherlock was a husband, father, professional athlete, and an entrepreneur with interests in various businesses, including in the cannabis sector. (Affidavit of Amy Sherlock (AS) at ¶ 4.) Mr. Sherlock passed away on December 3, 2015 without a will. (*Id*. at ¶ 5.) The narrative that the world believes is that Mr. Sherlock took his life because he was "broke" and suffering from chronic traumatic encephalopathy (CTE). (Id. at ¶ 6.) This narrative is the exclusive result of Lake's actions. The day after Mr. Sherlock passed away, he told the San Diego Police Department (SDPD) that the day before he died, Mr. Sherlock and him had spoken and he was overwhelmed but the problems they were discussing were "little problems." (Id. at \P 7.) However, he told Mrs. Sherlock that Mr. Sherlock was depressed because he was suffering from severe financial problems. (Id. at ¶ 8.) Further, within two or three days after Mr. Sherlock passed away, Lake took to the Sherlock Family's home Dr. Mark Cooper. (Id. at \P 9.) Dr. Cooper spoke with the Sherlock Family and other family members and concluded that Mr. Sherlock was suffering from CTE without ever having met Mr. Sherlock or examined him. (*Id.* at ¶¶ 10-11.) Dr. Cooper is a friend and professional colleague of Lake and is a child psychologist with no known specialty in neurology or CTE. (*Id.* at ¶¶ 12-13.)

Lake's narrative is contradicted by facts. First, Mr. Sherlock was not broke. It is undisputed that he had exclusive ownership interest in the Balboa and Ramona CUPs and an interest in the Balboa Property collectively worth over \$10,000,000 at the time of his death. (AF at ¶¶ 23-24.) Second, as the coroner report of Mr. Sherlock reflects, Mr. Sherlock was not diagnosed with CTE. (AS at ¶¶ 14-15.) Further, when Mrs. Sherlock sought to have Mr. Sherlock's brain donated for CTE research, she called the coroner who explicitly told Mrs. Sherlock that Mr. Sherlock did *not* have CTE. (*Id*.)

B. The Sherlock Property is transferred by Harcourt to himself and Lake after the death of Mr. Sherlock.

Upon the death of Mr. Sherlock without a will, all his property transferred to his wife and children as his heirs. (Ca. Prob. Code §§ 6400, 6401, 6402.) On July 8, 2022, Lake filed a demurrer to Plaintiffs' State Antitrust Case that presupposed that the Sherlock

Property had been lawfully transferred to Harcourt and Lake by Mr. Sherlock. (*See*, *gen*., RJN Ex. 25.) The Sherlock Family opposed Lake's demurrer materially as follows:

Lake, married to Mrs. Sherlock's sister, and Harcourt were Mr. Sherlock's business partners. The Sherlock Family trusted them. But-for Mrs. Sherlock being contacted about a form filed with the State of California three weeks *after* Mr. Sherlock's death, she would have never learned that Lake and Harcourt lied and stole her and her children's inheritance. An inheritance that Mr. Sherlock acquired at great personal and financial cost over the course of years and which is worth in excess of ten million dollars. In his demurrer, Lake seeks to cover up the theft of the Sherlock Family's inheritance based on his despicable allegation that *implies* that less than 24 hours before Mr. Sherlock purportedly took his life, Mr. Sherlock executed contracts that signed away over ten million dollars of assets. Thereby leaving his family in financial distress, and he, Lake, stepped in to "pick up the pieces" and became the Sherlock Family's protector and savior. In other words, that Mr. Sherlock cared more about Lake and Harcourt than he did about the wellbeing and financial security of his own wife and children.

(RJN Ex. 26 at 5:13-23 (emphasis in original).)

WHERE IS THE CONTRACT? The implied contract by Lake does not exist and Harcourt himself has for over a year refused to allege it exists, much less provide it as requested. What Harcourt did do, through his attorney, is argue it is too late for the Sherlock Family to sue him for the fraudulent theft because too much time has passed (i.e., the statute of limitations). Is it even possible for a person to act anymore guilty? Any decent and moral person upon being asked by a widow as to how he acquired property that she believed to be her inheritance and that of her children would have provided some kind of explanation if innocent. Anything. Harcourt did not and his failure to do so is prima facie evidence of his guilt.

(*Id.* at 11:7-22 (emphasis in original).) Lake's reply completely ignored the case dispositive question "*WHERE IS THE CONTRACT*?" (*See, gen.*, RJN Ex. 27.) Judge James Mangione sustained the demurrer in part with leave to amend because "Plaintiffs have not alleged sufficient facts to establish [Lake's] participation in the "[Strawman] Practice." (RJN Ex. 28 (order) at 1.)

C. New Evidence: City of San Diego DSD records demonstrate that the Balboa CUP

was transferred to Mrs. Sherlock after Mr. Sherlock's death without her knowledge.

Since February 2020, Mrs. Sherlock and Flores have repeatedly requested and been denied records from the City regarding the Balboa CUP. (See AS at ¶¶ 22-33.) On September 20, 2022, Mrs. Sherlock discovered DSD records provided online pursuant to FOIA requests by a third party. (AS at ¶¶ 26-28.) DSD records show that on *March 17*, 2016, DSD approved Mrs. Sherlock's background check as the "sole permit" holder for the "8863 Balboa MMCC Permit" issued at the Balboa Property (the "DSD Sherlock Approval"). (RJN Ex. 29.)¹⁷ There can be no contract pursuant to which Mr. Sherlock transferred the Sherlock Property to Harcourt and Lake. The Balboa CUP was transferred to Mrs. Sherlock after the death of Mr. Sherlock without her knowledge. The DSD Sherlock Approval contradicts Harcourt's allegation in his complaint filed against Razuki/Malan alleging he had the Balboa CUP transferred to him in December 2015. (RJN Ex. 30 (Harcourt complaint) at 5:22-25.)

Subsequent to September 20, 2022, Mrs. Sherlock repeatedly requested and demanded the City provide the application pursuant to which the DSD Sherlock Approval was undertaken informing the City she had never submitted any such application. (AS at ¶ 29-33.) On October 10, 2022, Mrs. Sherlock received a message from Travis Cleveland, a Development Project Manager in the Cannabis Business Division of the City of San Diego. (*Id.* at ¶ 34.) Cleveland states the City does not have those records and states he does not know why those records were not retained nor can he provide an explanation. (AS, Ex. B (email from Cleveland).) In other words, the evidence needed to prove that Mrs. Sherlock's signatures were forged and the parties at the City DSD office who effectuated the transfers have been "lost" by the City – a clear cover up.

IV. F&B and Austin's arguments regarding the legality of the Strawman Practice.

A. <u>F&B's arguments regarding the legality of the Strawman Practice.</u>

On September 13, 2019, Cotton filed in Cotton I a motion for new trial ("MNT")

¹⁷ As of the date of this filing, the DSD record is still available at the City's DSD website at: https://opendsd.sandiego.gov/Web/Approvals/Details/1675894

arguing the November Document is an illegal contract because the Strawman Practice violates the SDMC, the BPC, and California's cannabis licensing public policies. (RJN Ex. 31.) Materially, Geraci/F&B's responses to the illegality argument were that: (1) BPC § 26057 is "permissive and not mandatory" and does not apply to CUPs (RJN Ex. 32 at 11:10-12, 14:9-10); (2) "attorney Gina Austin testified at trial the statute would not prevent Mr. Geraci from obtaining a CUP" (id. at 14:11-13); (3) Tirandazi testified that Geraci was not required to be disclosed in the City's Ownership Disclosure Statement, a required form for a CUP application (see id. at 15:7-13); and (4) Cotton waived the defense of illegality (see id. at 7:10-17.)

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Cotton's reply, on the issue of illegality, argued that Geraci's arguments were all contradicted by the plain language of the BPS, the SDMC, the Ownership Disclosure Statement, and that it is legally impossible to waive the defense of illegality. (See RJN Ex. 33 at 4:23-5:7.) Judge Wohlfeil denied the MNT on two grounds: (1) factually, that Cotton had not raised the evidence and arguments of illegality before the MNT; and (2) legally, Cotton had therefore waived the defense of illegality. (See RJN Ex. 34 (transcript) at 3:22-4:4:22.) Judge Wohlfeil found that "the jury categorially rejected [Cotton's arguments] and [he was] persuaded everyone got a fair trial." (Id. at 5:7-8; RJN Ex. 35 (order denying MNT with no factual or legal support that the defense of illegality can be waived and thereby transform an illegal contract into a lawful enforceable contract).)

В. Austin's arguments regarding the legality of the Strawman Practice.

On June 16, 2022, Austin filed a motion to strike Plaintiffs' State Antitrust Action pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 425.16 (the "anti-SLAPP" statute) arguing her petitioning activity in furtherance of the Strawman Practice is "protected activity." (See, gen., RJN Ex. 36.) Specifically, Austin argued her petitioning activity in furtherance of the Strawman Practice does not violate BPC § 26057 because: "A plain reading of the statute shows there is no one condition that constitutes an automatic, outright denial. The statute gives the licensing authority complete discretion to weigh factors and decide what may constitute grounds for denial." (Id. at 18:7-10 (emphasis

added).) Plaintiffs' responded:

The Austin Legal Group's interpretation of BPC §§ 19323/26057 fails for <u>two obvious reasons</u>, the first one requires no legal education or knowledge, just basic common sense. First, even by the Austin Legal Group's own reasoning, the [DCC] *must* apply the alleged permissive criteria in the statues to determine whether to approve or deny a license. But how is the [DCC] supposed to apply the alleged permissive criteria to Geraci, Razuki and the Austin Legal Group's other clients - to meet the Legislative mandate that it issue "state licenses only to qualified applicants" - when they are not disclosed? (BPC §§ 19320(a), 26055(a).) They can't. It is impossible.

(RJN Ex. 37 at 13:21-14:2.)

Second, assuming that somehow the [DCC] magically knew that Geraci and Razuki were owners that were not disclosed in the applications for CUPs/licenses, their applications must be denied because of their sanctions. The claim that the sanctions are not an absolute bar is based on the purposeful misrepresentation of the "shall deny" and "may deny" language contained in subsections (a) and (b) of BPC §§ 19323 and 26057. Subsection (a) has always applied to "applicants" that are individual persons, subsection (b) has always applied to "applications" by applicants that are entities. (See BPC §§ 19300.5 (defining owner to include entities), 260001(a) (same).) This is made clear by the language in subsection (b) of both statutes that states: "The applicant, or any of <u>its</u> officers, directors, or owners, has been sanctioned by a licensing authority..."

(Id. at 14:13-21.) (italics in original, bolded added).)

Austin's reply did not respond to the "<u>two obvious reasons</u>" for why her motion fails. (*See*, *gen.*, RJN Ex. 38.) Judge Mangione's granted Austin's motion and attorneys' fees, stating in one conclusory sentence, that Austin's "actions are not illegal as a matter of law." (RJN Ex. 39 at 2.) His conclusion is *contradicted* by California's Cannabis Laws.

C. New Evidence: Tirandazi, Austin and F&B colluded to present perjured testimony on the case dispositive issue of the illegality of the Strawman Practice in *Cotton I*.

Another one of the links to the City's DSD website providing records pursuant to a FOIA request is to an email chain between, among others, Razuki, Malan, Austin and Tirandazi (the "Tirandazi Background Check Email"). (RJN Ex. 40.) The email chain took

place between January 2017 and June 2017 and is in regard to the processing of Razuki/Malan's application for the Balboa CUP in the name of Malan. (*Id.*) On January 18, 2017, Tirandazi emailed Austin:

Ninus Malan has passed background. Are there any other responsible persons affiliated with this MMCC? If so, they will also *need* to go through the background process. Please have Mr. Malan complete and sign the attached MMCC Permit required pursuant to Chapter 4, Article 2, Division 15 of the SDMC and email back for processing. [RJN 40 at 4.]

V. The Court's Order and Flores competing legal and ethical obligations.

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Because of the Court's Order and the rulings in the Strawman Cases, including in Plaintiffs' State Antitrust Case in which Judge Mangione granted Austin attorneys' fees and costs for her anti-SLAPP motion, the Sherlock Family accused Flores of legal malpractice and fraud. If the Sherlock Family is forced to pay attorneys' fees and costs against all defendants in their federal and state action, they will become bankrupted and lose their home. Flores responded with his *original* and *mistaken* belief that this Court was conclusively not acting impartially. (AF at ¶¶ 25-38 (explaining why Flores realized he had made a mistake).) For Flores to abide by the Court's Order and file an amended complaint stating directly or by omission the Strawman Practice is lawful, Flores would be violating his professional and ethical duties to his clients and this Court, and would by omission be ratifying the criminal acts that Flores knows based on personal knowledge have been taken undertaken by defendants. (*See id.*)

However, notwithstanding the mistake by this Court, Flores realized he cannot expose the illegality of the Strawman Practice that is being ratified and enforced in all the Strawman Cases in the face of judicial bias. Thus, Flores reached an agreement to sell his interest in this case and have the Sherlock Family represented by a Big Law firm. However, neither Flores nor the potential owners or their agents were able to engage a Big Law firm because of the judicial bias and the great number of attorney defendants, including those not named, who have ratified, enforced or defended the validity of the void *Cotton I* judgment or the illegal Strawman Practice. These firms include this Court's

former law firm, Sheppard and Mullin. (AF at ¶41; see Ex. E attached hereto (email from Sheppard Mulling stating: "We also do not take on matters adverse or potentially or potentially adverse to other law firms or their attorneys.").)

APPLICABLE LAWS

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Motion to Dismiss. On F&B's MTD, the Court was required to accept all factual allegations by Plaintiffs in the FAC as true and construe the pleadings in the light most favorable to Plaintiffs. (*Knievel v. ESPN*, 393 F.3d 1068, 1072 (9th Cir. 2005).)

Fraud on the Court. A "federal court may amend a judgment or order under its inherent power when the original judgment or order was obtained through fraud on the court." (Levander v. Prober, 180 F.3d 1114, 1119 (9th Cir. 1999).) There is no set definition of what constitutes fraud upon on the court. (Id.) However, fraud upon the court has been determined to include (1) the filing and maintenance of a complaint based on a false contract (Aoude v. Mobil Oil Corp., 892 F.2d 1115, 1116 (1st Cir. 1989) ("... bogus purchase agreement."); (2) perjury and nondisclosure of evidence that "was so fundamental that it undermined the workings of the adversary process itself" (*United* States v. Stonehill, 660 F.3d 415, 445 (9th Cir. 2011)); and (3) fabrication of evidence or perjury by an attorney. (Trendsettah USA, Inc. v. Swisher Int'l, Inc., 31 F.4th 1124, 1134 (9th Cir. 2022) (Trendsettah); In re Intermagnetics America, Inc., 926 F.2d 912, 916–917 (9th Cir. 1991) (*Intermagnetics*).)

FRCP 60(b). A court has the power pursuant to FRCP 60(b)(1) and (6) to relieve a party from a judgment or order when the court has made an error of law. (See Zurich Am. Ins. Co. v. Int'l Fibercom, Inc., 503 F.3d 933, 940 (9th Cir. 2007) (Zurich) (errors of law are cognizable under Rule 60(b)(6).)

PLAINTIFFS' TWO MAIN ARGUMENTS

The Court erred giving Full Faith & Credit to the void Cotton I judgment. I.

"[U]nder the full faith and credit act a federal court must give the same preclusive effect to a state-court judgment as another court of that state would give." (Parsons Steel, Inc. v. First Ala. Bank, 474 U.S. 518, 523 (1986).) Under California law:

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A judgment absolutely void may be attacked anywhere, directly or collaterally whenever it presents itself, either by parties or strangers. It is simply a nullity and can be neither a basis, nor evidence, of any right whatever. A void judgment [or order] is, in legal effect, no judgment. By it no rights are divested. From it no rights can be obtained. Being worthless in itself, all proceedings founded upon it are equally worthless. It neither binds nor bars any one.18

A lack of jurisdiction resulting in a void judgment includes a judgment void for "excess of jurisdiction." 19 The Courts have "define[d] a judgment that is void for excess of jurisdiction to include a judgment that grants relief which the law declares shall not be granted." (Id. at 1018.) To materially and plainly summarize this point to the Court and the Sherlock Family as dispositive to this case, Application, and the allegations that Flores has committed legal malpractice and fraud: "A judgment giving effect to a void judgment is also void"20 because "being worthless in itself, all proceedings founded upon it are equally worthless." (OC Interior, 7 Cal. App. 5th 1330 (2017).)

The Strawman Practice violates BPC §§ 19323/26057 and is illegal. Α.

Plaintiffs' arguments set forth above in opposition to Austin's anti-SLAPP motion that the Strawman Practice is not illegal are fully incorporated herein by this reference. (RJN Ex. 37 at 13:21-14:21.) But, simply stated and understood, nobody can own a cannabis CUP or license without being disclosed in the application for a CUP and/or license. And especially parties sanctioned for operating illegal cannabis dispensaries

¹⁸ OC Interior Servs., LLC v. Nationstar Mortg., LLC, 7 Cal. App. 5th 1318, 1330 (2017) (OC Interior) (cleaned up, brackets in original, emphasis added).)

¹⁹ 311 S. Spring St. Co. v. Dep't of Gen. Servs., 178 Cal. App. 4th 1009, 1015 (2009) (Spring St.).)

²⁰ Kenney v. Tanforan Park Shopping Ctr., Nos. G038323, G039372, 2008 Cal. App. Unpub. LEXIS 10048, at *36-37 (Dec. 15, 2008) (citing County of Ventura v. Tillett, 133 Cal.App.3d 105, 110 (1982) ["an order giving effect to a void judgment is also void and is subject to attack"]; Security Pac. Nat. Bank v. Lyon, 105 Cal.App.3d Supp. 8, 13 (1980) ["affirmance of a void judgment or order is itself void"].)

pursuant to the plain language of California's Cannabis Laws, most materially, the "shall deny" language of BPC §§ 19323/26057. "When, as here, statutory language is clear and unambiguous there is no need for construction, and courts should not indulge in it." Thus, this Court's "inquiry begins with the statutory text. If the text is clear, as it is here, it ends there as well." 22

F&B/Austin' arguments that the "shall deny" language of BPC § 26057 can be interpreted to mean "permissive and not mandatory" and grants the DCC "complete discretion" is contrary to plain language of the statute. The judges in the Strawman Cases who have held directly or impliedly that "shall deny" can be interpreted as anything else other than an absolute prohibition to the issuance of a license to a sanctioned party via the Strawman Practice have all erred. In Bostock, the United States Supreme Court recently, powerfully and concisely, emphasized the need for judges to follow the plain language of the law: "This Court has explained many times over many years that, when the meaning of the statute's terms is plain, our job is at an end. The people are entitled to rely on the law as written, without fearing that courts might disregard its plain terms based on some extratextual consideration." (Bostock v. Clayton Cty., 140 S. Ct. 1731, 1749 (emphasis added); id. at 1737.)

B. The *Cotton I* judgment is void because it enforces an illegal contract.

"Whether a contract is illegal or contrary to public policy is a question of law to be determined from the circumstances of each particular case." (*Jackson v. Rogers & Wells*, 210 Cal. App. 3d 336, 349-50 (1989).) "A contract to perform acts barred by California's licensing statutes is illegal, void and unenforceable." (*Consul, Ltd. v. Solide Enters., Inc.*, 802 F.2d 1143, 1148 (9th Cir. 1986).) Therefore, *all* contracts in furtherance of the Strawman Practice are "illegal, void, and unenforceable." (*Id.*) Their performance requires violations of California and federal penal codes and California's Cannabis Laws. (*See, e.g.*, California Penal Code §§ 115 (perjury), 118 (false documents liability); BPC §§

²¹ Cal. Fed. Sav. & Loan Ass'n v. City of L.A., 11 Cal. 4th 342, 349 (1995) (cleaned up).

²² Poulsen v. DOD, 994 F.3d 1046, 1050-51 (9th Cir. 2021) (cleaned up).

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19323, 20657; Cal. Code Regs. tit. 16, § 5032(b); see also Polk I at *6-8; Polk III at *6-7.) Consequently, the Cotton I judgement is entirely void for enforcing an illegal contract because if "a court grants relief [to a party by enforcing an illegal contract], which under no circumstances it has any authority to grant, its judgment is to that extent void." (Hunter v. Superior Court of Riverside Cty., 36 Cal. App. 2d 100, 116 (1939) (emphasis in original).)

C. The Cotton I judgment is void for enforcing an illegal contract that is the product of a fraud upon the court.²³

In *Aoude*, the Court of Appeals found a fraud on the court and issued terminating sanctions where plaintiff filed a complaint attaching a fabricated purchase agreement, and after discovery provided evidence that the agreement was fabricated, plaintiff amended "his complaint to substitute the real agreement for the invented one." (*Aoude*, 892 F.2d at 1118.) Here, the November Document is an illegal contract, it is not a lawful contract. Therefore, the fraud on the court here is massively more egregious than in *Aoude* as it can be concluded beyond any reasonable doubt that that *Cotton I* was filed with no intention of reaching a jury. F&B and Austin, each of who represented both Geraci and Berry in both *Cotton I* and *Cotton II*, were successful in perpetrating their fraud upon Judge Wohlfeil in both matters having him enforce a contract they knew to be illegal.

The fabrication of evidence by a party in which an attorney is implicated and perjury by an attorney constitute a fraud on the court. (*Trendsettah*, 31 F.4th at 1134; *Intermagnetics*, 926 F.2d at 916–917.) The Tirandazi Background Check Email contradicts Austin and Tirandazi's testimony that Geraci's application via the Strawman Practice does not violate the SDMC or the BPC. Geraci was required to undergo the *necessary* background *before* a CUP was issued to Berry. And if he had been disclosed, his application for a license would have been denied pursuant to BPC §§ 19323/26057.

²³ Flores notes that there are so many other independent facts that as a matter of law establish a fraud on the court, it is impossible to set them all forth herein. (*See*, *gen*. FAC.) The Court should not simply ignore the allegations of violence against innocent third parties. (*Id*.; AF at \P 30.)

Their perjured testimony convinced the jury and Judge Wohlfeil the Strawman Practice is lawful. This is perjury on the case dispositive issue of the illegality of the Strawman 3 Practice and is a fraud on the court. (*Id.*) Further, there can also be no reasonable doubt, 4 in light of the Tirandazi Background Check Email, that F&B, Austin and Tirandazi colluded to present perjured testimony at the trial of Cotton I, which is also a fraud on the court. (Trendsettah, 31 F.4th at 1134; Intermagnetics, 926 F.2d at 916–917.)

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The Cotton I judgment is void because Judge Wohlfeil was disqualified to render D. the judgment due to bias.

"The Due Process Clause entitles a person to an impartial and disinterested tribunal." Marshall v. Jerrico, Inc., 446 U.S. 238, 243 (1980). In addition, "justice must satisfy the appearance of justice." Offutt v. United States, 348 U.S. 11, 14 (1954); Exxon Corp. v. Heinze, 32 F.3d 1399, 1403 (9th Cir. 1994) ("[T]he Constitution is concerned not only with actual bias but also with 'the appearance of justice.'"). "Bias exists where a court has prejudged, or reasonably appears to have prejudged, an issue." Kenneally v. Lungren, 967 F.2d 329, 333 (9th Cir. 1992) (quotation and citation omitted).

(FAC at ¶ 999 (emphasis added).) The California Supreme Court "has on several occasions pointed out that a judgment rendered by a disqualified judge is void." (Giometti v. Etienne, 219 Cal. 687, 689 (1934).) "Because an order rendered by a disqualified judge is null and void, it will be set aside without determining if the order was meritorious." (Christie v. City of El Centro, 135 Cal. App. 4th 767, 777 (2006) (emphasis added).)

Judge Wohlfeil's Bias Statements are the textbook definition of judicial bias – he "prejudged... an issue." (Kenneally, 967 F.2d at 333.) Based on his personal knowledge of the character of his Trusted Attorneys that they were not "capable" of filing a sham lawsuit or that they would violate their affirmative duty to prevent a fraud on the court by not disclosing to him that that the Cotton I action was a sham and that other attorneys were perpetrating a fraud on the court, on him. The Cotton I and II judgments are absolutely void on this ground alone; they cannot bar Plaintiffs' Civil Rights claims.

Neither the doctrine of collateral estoppel nor Noerr-Pennington bar Plaintiffs' E.

Civil Rights causes of action based on the Cotton I sham action.

First, the "doctrine of res judicata is inapplicable to void judgments." (311, 178 Cal. App. 4th at 1015.) As proven above, the Cotton I judgment is void.

Second, this "Court must acknowledge California case law that recognizes a 'newly discovered facts' exception to res judicata." The DSD Sherlock Approval and the Tirandazi Background Check Email are newly discovered facts.

Third, neither Flores nor the Sherlock Family were in privity with Cotton. In order for there to be finding of privity to apply the doctrine of collateral estoppel, the "circumstances must also have been such that the nonparty should reasonably have expected to be bound by the prior adjudication." (Citizens for Open Access etc. Tide, Inc. v. Seadrift Ass'n, 60 Cal. App. 4th 1053, 1070 (1998).) As to the Sherlock Family, Cotton I was a state court real estate breach of contract action between Geraci/Berry and Cotton, filed in March 2017 and concluded in July 2019. This is before Mrs. Sherlock was even made aware that she and her children has been defrauded of their inheritance by Flores in January 2020. F&B's claim that the Sherlock Family "should reasonably have expected to be bound by the prior adjudication" of Cotton I is frivolous. (Citizens, 60 Cal. App. at 1070.) As to Flores, he acquired equitable ownership of the Federal Property and the Berry Application and sought to join the Cotton I action as an indispensable party, which Judge Wohlfeil summarily denied on June 27, 2019. (See RJN Exs. 21, 23) "An indispensable party is not bound by a judgment in an action in which he was not joined." (Greif v. Dullea, 66 Cal. App. 2d 986, 995 (1944)); see FRCP 19 (same).)

Fourth, the Court erred granting F&B Noerr-Pennington immunity on the grounds that because Geraci/F&B prevailed it "does not need to look any further" to look at the facts that determine the Cotton I action is a sham for many reasons. Just one: even if Plaintiffs had been in privity with Cotton, they can still seek relief in federal court to

²⁴ Kearney v. Foley & Lardner LLP, No. 05-CV-2112-AJB-JLB, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 133807, at *25 n.9 (S.D. Cal. Sep. 28, 2016) (citing *Allied Fire Protection v. Diede Constr.*, Inc., 127 Cal. App. 4th 150, 25 Cal. Rptr. 3d 195 (2005).)

pursue their Civil Rights claims and prove that *Cotton I* was filed as a sham and the judgment was procured through a fraud on the court: "It has long been the law that a plaintiff in federal court can seek to set aside a state court judgment obtained through extrinsic fraud." (*Kougasian v. TMSL, Inc.*, 359 F.3d 1136, 1141 (9th Cir. 2004)).

F. Conclusion.

"It is a violation of due process for a judgment to be binding on a litigant who was not a party or a privy and therefore has never had an opportunity to be heard." (*Parklane*, 439 U.S. at 327 n.7 (emphasis added).) "The Fourteenth Amendment entitles the individual to a fair opportunity to present his or her claim." (*Bell v. Milwaukee*, 746 F.2d 1205, 1261 (7th Cir. 1984).) "The right to seek judicial redress is also grounded in the First Amendment." (*Id.* at 1262.)

It was error of law for the Court to give full faith and credit to the *Cotton I* judgment and grant F&B's MTD. Relief is warranted pursuant to the Court's inherent power and FRCP 60(b)(1) and (6). Plaintiffs were not in privity with Cotton and F&B's procurement of the *Cotton I* judgment does not establish as a matter of law that the judgment was not procured through a fraud on the court and is therefore not a sham. The Order violates Plaintiffs' Constitutional Rights to Due Process and the First Amendment. The Order must be vacated. If not, this means attorneys for wealthy criminal litigants can perpetrate a fraud on the court and then use the First Amendment as a pretext to prevent their victims from exercising *their* First Amendment right to have their rights vindicated.

II. The new evidence as a matter of law proves a conspiracy by the City of San Diego and defendants; provides probable cause to believe that Harcourt, Lake and Razuki caused Mr. Sherlock's death; and, therefore, every party that denies the illegality of the Strawman Practice is obstructing justice.

"The Fourteenth Amendment entitles the individual to a fair opportunity to present his or her claim." (*Bell*, 746 F.2d at 1261.) "Such a right exists where the claim has 'a reasonable basis in fact or law." (*Id.* (quoting *Bill Johnson's Restaurants, Inc. v. N.L.R.B.*, 461 U.S. 731 (1983).) "As the Supreme Court enunciated in *Wolff v. McDonnell*, 418 U.S.

539, 579, 'the right of access to the courts is founded in the Due Process Clause and assures that no person will be denied the opportunity to present to the judiciary allegations concerning violations of fundamental constitutional rights.' The right to seek judicial redress is also grounded in the First Amendment." (*Id.* at 1262 (cleaned up, bold added, italics in original).) A "conspiracy to cover up a killing, thereby obstructing legitimate efforts to vindicate the killing through judicial redress, interferes with the due process right of access to courts." (*Id.*)

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It is indisputable that \$10,000,000 in cannabis assets is motive for murder. Razuki tried to have Malan murdered for the Balboa Dispensary. The DSD Sherlock Approval is conclusive evidence, coupled with Lake's judicial admission in his demurrer and Harcourt's judicial admissions and communications, that Harcourt and Lake defrauded the Sherlock Family of the Sherlock Property. Harcourt's complaint alleging that he was in negotiations with Razuki/Malan at the same time that he was seeking to defraud the Sherlock Family provides the link to now take into account the existing evidence that Mr. Sherlock may have been murdered by Razuki or by a hired hitman to acquire the Balboa Dispensary. Specifically, among a massive amount of additional circumstantial evidence not set forth herein, (i) Zamora's belief that Razuki was responsible for Mr. Sherlock's death; (ii) that Razuki has been arrested for attempting to hire a hitman to murder Malan for the Balboa Dispensary; (iii) Mr. Sherlock's body was found to have abrasions on his hand and knuckles and a cut on his forehead that he did not have when he left his home – these are consistent with defensive wounds; (v) no shell casing was found; (vi) although Mr. Sherlock was right handed, the gun was found near his left hip implying that it fell from his left hand, not his right (i.e., it could have been placed there); and (vi) the most simple to understand fact of all, Mr. Sherlock loved his wife and children. Mr. Sherlock was not "broke" nor was he suffering from CTE. Mr. Sherlock was probably murdered.

These facts support at the very least the Sherlock Family's right to further discovery that Mr. Sherlock may have been killed as an act in furtherance of the Cartel's Antitrust Conspiracy. The direct, physical and circumstantial evidence means that Mr. Sherlock

could have been *fighting* for his life on the night he allegedly took his life.

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It is also indisputable that Tirandazi violated Cotton and Flores' predecessor-ininterests rights to the Berry Application when she failed to transfer the application pursuant to the SDMC and *Engebretsen*. (See RJN Ex. 21.) That she committed perjury at the trial of *Cotton I* and colluded with Austin and F&B to provide that perjured testimony. The City, not just Tirandazi, has had direct and constructive knowledge of the Cartel's use of the Strawman Practice in furtherance of the alleged Antitrust Conspiracy for years. (See FAC Exs. 7, 8 (emails to dozens of parties, including federal, state and city officials by Cotton of the Cartel's Antitrust Conspiracy with supporting documents); RJN Ex. 23 (City answer to Cotton II petition).) The City's continued denial of evidence and documents regarding the Balboa Dispensary for years and now their "loss" of the documents that the DSD Sherlock Approval was procured through forged documents is clear evidence of what it is – a cover up. Exposure that City DSD employees originally negligently or purposefully aided sanctioned parties to unlawfully process the Strawman Practice CUP applications makes the City jointly liable with the Cartel. (42 U.S.C. § 1983.) Thus, they are denying the illegality of the Strawman Practice directly and by omission and are obstructing justice by preventing the Sherlock Family from acquiring evidence and documents that would demonstrate the City had an active role in the same conspiracy pursuant to which Mr. Sherlock may have been murdered.

A conspiracy to prevent the Sherlock Family from discovering evidence that support the Sherlock Family's allegations that Mr. Sherlock may have been murdered is obstruction of justice. (See Bell, 746 F.2d at 1261.) "Judicial access must be adequate, effective, and meaningful." (Bell, 746 F.2d at 1261 (cleaned up).) Here, as to the Sherlock Family, to "deny such access defendants need not literally bar the courthouse door or attack plaintiffs' witnesses. This constitutional right is lost where, as here, [City of San Diego] officials shield from the public and the victim's family key facts which would form the basis of the [Sherlock] family's claims for redress. A contrary interpretation of the right to due process would encourage [City of San Diego] officials to conceal the 3

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circumstances relating to unlawful killings committed under color of state law and other deprivations of federal rights which Section 1983 was designed to remedy." (Id. (emphasis added).) In sum, every party whose actions or omissions seek to prevent exposure that the Strawman Practice is illegal is unconscionably and unconstitutionally obstructing justice. (42 U.S.C. §§ 1985, 1986; see FAC ¶¶ 287-302.) They are criminals. (Id.) They are preventing the Sherlock Family from proceeding on claims that would lead to the discovery of evidence that could demonstrate Mr. Sherlock's suicide was staged in furtherance of the Antitrust Conspiracy. That Mr. Sherlock may have fought for his life against the very same defendants here who did steal the Sherlock Property and who demonstrably engage in acts and threats of violence. This is indefensible.

CONCLUSION

"A judgment giving effect to a void judgment is also void"25 because "being worthless in itself, all proceedings founded upon it are equally worthless." (OC Interior, 7 Cal. App. 5th 1330 (2017).) This is the law. The Sherlock Family cannot be bankrupted, allowed to lose their home, or have their have their Constitutional rights violated by anybody. Not even by officers of the court.

The Sherlock Family deserves justice. The Sherlock Family, and Flores, are "entitled to rely on the law as written, without fearing that courts might disregard its plain terms based on some extratextual consideration." (Bostock, 140 S. Ct. at 1749.) All the judges in all the Strawman Cases have erred and have been defiled by the fraud on the court that has been perpetrated by defendants upon them, including the City.

Plaintiffs request the Court grant this Application and set a hearing on the motion to vacate the Order for an immediate date. As the City's "loss" of records show, and the Court must know to be true, defendants are covering up the evidence of their crimes. Immediate relief is warranted and mandated on these facts. The Courts have erred, but the truth will come out. The Courts cannot ratify a conspiracy that may include murder.

²⁵ Kenney, 2008 Cal. App. Unpub. LEXIS 10048, at *36-37.

C	ase 3:20-cv-00656-JO-DEB	Document 43	Filed 10/12/22	PageID.1839	Page 34 of 110
1			Law Office	es of Andrew F	lores
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3			Plaintiff In	Propria Pers	ona, and Attorney
4 5				ntiffs AMY SH	IERLOCK, and
6				Minors T.S. a	nd S.S.
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EXHIBIT-A

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7		NOTE OF THE			
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
9 10	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
11	FLORES, et al.,	Case No.: 20-CV-000656-JO-DEB			
12	reores, et al.,				
13	Plaintiffs,	ORDER DISMISSING FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT AGAINST			
14	v.	DEFENDANTS JUDGE WOHLFEIL			
15	AUSTIN, et al.,	AND F&B DEFENDANTS WITH PREJUDICE AND FOR LACK OF			
16	Defendants.	STANDING WITH LEAVE TO AMEND			
17		AMEND			
18	Defendants Michael Weinstein, Scott H. Toothacre, Elyssa Kulas, Rachel M				
19	Prendergast, and Ferris & Britton, APC (collectively, "F&B Defendants") and Defendant				
20	Judge Joel R. Wohlfeil ("Judge Wohlfeil") have filed motions to dismiss Plaintiffs' First				
21	Amended Complaint with prejudice. Dkts. 21, 27.				
22	//				
23	//				
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The Court held oral argument on the motions on March 23, 2022. For the reasons stated on the record during the oral argument, the motions to dismiss are GRANTED. The First Amended Complaint is hereby DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE against Judge Wohlfeil and F&B Defendants.

The Court DISMISSES the First Amended Complaint against the remaining defendants without prejudice for lack of standing. Plaintiffs may file an amended complaint by May 11, 2022.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: March 23, 2022

Honorable Jinsook Ohta United States District Judge

EXHIBIT-B

		CERTIFIED COPY			
1	UNITED	STATES DISTRICT COURT			
2	FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
3	II .	E HONORABLE JINSOOK OHTA ICT JUDGE PRESIDING			
4	DISTR	ICI OODGE INESIDING			
5					
6	ANDREW FLORES, ET AL.) CASE NO. 20-CV-0656-TWR-DEB			
7	PLAINTIFFS,) MOTION HEARING)			
8	V.)			
9	GINA M. AUSTIN,)			
	DEFENDANTS.)			
10) 			
11	REPORTER'S	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS			
12	WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 2022				
13	PAG	GES 1 THROUGH 22			
14	APPEARANCES:				
15		LAW OFFICES OF ANDREW FLORES			
16		945 4TH AVENUE, SUITE 412			
17		SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101 BY: ANDREW FLORES, ESQ.			
18		SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA,			
19	JOEL R. WOHLFEIL	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO 110 UNION STREET			
20		SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101 BY: CARMELA E. DUKE, ESQ.			
21	FOR THE DEFENDANT:	KJAR MCKENNA & STOCKALPER, LLP			
22	FERRIS & BRITTON, APC	841 APOLLO STREET, SUITE 100 EL SEGUNDO, CALIFORNIA 92045			
23		ABIGAIL R. TORRES, CSR CSR NO. 13700			
24		UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
25		333 WEST BROADWAY, SUITE 420 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101			

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ALREADY.

SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA; WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 2022; 10:00 A.M. -000-THE CLERK: PLEASE COME TO ORDER. THIS UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA IS NOW IN SESSION. THE HONORABLE JINSOOK OHTA PRESIDING. CALLING MATTER NO. 2 ON CALENDAR, 20-CV-0656, FLORES, ET AL., V. AUSTIN, ET AL., FOR A MOTION HEARING. AND, YOUR HONOR, I BELIEVE PLAINTIFF COUNSEL WILL BE 9 APPEARING BY PHONE ONLY. 10 MR. FLORES: THAT'S CORRECT, YOUR HONOR. 11 ANDRES FLORES ON BEHALF OF MYSELF AND THE OTHER 12 PLAINTIFFS. 13 MR. EMDEE: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. 14 GREGORY EMDEE ON BEHALF OF THE F&B DEFENDANTS. 15 MS. DUKE: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. CARMELA DUKE ON BEHALF OF THE HONORABLE JUDGE JOEL 16 17 WOHLFEIL JUDGE FOR THE SUPERIOR COURT OF SAN DIEGO, COUNTY OF 18 SAN DIEGO. 19 THE CLERK: AND, YOUR HONOR, I BELIEVE THAT'S ALL THE 20 APPEARANCES FOR THE FLORES, ET AL., V. AUSTIN CASE. 21 YOUR HONOR, ARE YOU ABLE TO HEAR US? 22 (PAUSE IN PROCEEDINGS.) 23 THE COURT: I UNDERSTAND WE'VE -- WE'RE BACK ON THE 24 RECORD NOW. I UNDERSTAND WE HAD APPEARANCES FROM EVERYBODY

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MR. EMDEE: THIS IS GREGORY EMDEE ON BEHALF OF THE F&B
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    DEFENDANTS. THAT'S CORRECT, YOUR HONOR.
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             THE COURT: OKAY. THANK YOU.
             SO FIRST OFF ALL, THANK YOU, EVERYBODY, FOR
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    ACCOMMODATING ME RUNNING THIS APPEARANCE BY ZOOM. I AM NOT
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    ABLE TO BE IN THE COURTHOUSE FOR HEALTH REASONS. I'M STILL IN
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    AN ISOLATION QUARANTINE PERIOD, BUT I DIDN'T WANT TO RESCHEDULE
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    THIS HEARING. BUT THANK YOU FOR ACCOMMODATING ME. AND I
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    APOLOGIZE FOR THE TECHNICAL DIFFICULTIES GETTING STARTED.
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             SO I SEE WE HAVE MR. EMDEE WITH US, AND I SEE THAT WE
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    HAVE MS. DUKE WITH US. AND ON THE PHONE LINE, DO WE HAVE
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    MR. FLORES WITH US?
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             MR. FLORES: THAT'S CORRECT, YOUR HONOR. I'M HERE.
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             THE COURT: OKAY. THANK YOU. AND IF THE DEPUTY COULD
15
    PERHAPS TURN UP THE VOLUME. I CAN HEAR EVERYTHING, BUT IT'S
16
    OUITE FAINT.
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             THE CLERK: YES, YOUR HONOR.
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             THE COURT: SO LET'S GO AHEAD AND GET STARTED.
19
             MR. FLORES, CAN YOU HEAR ME OKAY?
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             MR. FLORES: I CAN, YOUR HONOR. I CAN HEAR YOU FINE.
21
             THE COURT: OKAY. THANK YOU. I'M GLAD TO HEAR THAT.
22
             SO IN THE ORDER, I HAVE A TENTATIVE WITH REGARD TO
23
    DISMISSING JUDGE WOHLFEIL WITH PREJUDICE FROM THIS ACTION ON
24
    JUDICIAL IMMUNITY GROUNDS.
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AND MR. FLORES, THE COURT'S REASON FOR THAT IS BECAUSE

25

I'VE LOOKED AT THE ALLEGATIONS THAT YOU ARE MAKING AGAINST

JUDGE WOHLFEIL IN YOUR COMPLAINT. I'VE GONE THROUGH THE

PARAGRAPH WHERE YOU MENTION HIS NAME. AND IT LOOKS LIKE

EVERYTHING THAT YOU'RE ALLEGING AGAINST HIM ARE ACTIONS THAT HE

TOOK WITHIN HIS JURISDICTION AS A STATE COURT JUDGE.

FOR EXAMPLE, I'M LOOKING AT THE POSITIONS WHERE YOU

TALK ABOUT HOW HE HANDLED THE MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT RULING, THE TRIAL PROCEEDINGS. IT LOOKS LIKE YOU HAVE COMPLAINTS OR ISSUES ABOUT CERTAIN IN LIMINES OR COURTROOM RULINGS THAT HE MAY HAVE ISSUED ABOUT WITNESS TESTIMONY.

THERE'S -- AND THEN THERE'S ALSO THE TRIAL ITSELF AND DENIAL FOR A MOTION TO INTERVENE, A DISQUALIFICATION MOTION, AND MOTION FOR RETRIAL, AND THESE ARE JUST SOME OF THE ALLEGATIONS THAT I'M LOOKING AT.

BUT IT LOOKS LIKE ALL OF THESE ISSUES OR COMPLAINTS

THAT YOU HAVE AGAINST JUDGE WOHLFEIL ARE REGARDING ACTIONS THAT

HE HAS TAKEN AS A JUDGE. AND SO ON THOSE GROUNDS, THE COURT'S

TENTATIVE IS TO RULE THAT THOSE CLAIMS CAN'T GO FORWARD BECAUSE

JUDICIAL IMMUNITY BARS LAWSUITS AGAINST JUDGES FOR ACTIONS THAT

TAKE -- THAT THEY TAKE IN THEIR ROLE AS JUDGES: THE DECISIONS

THEY MAKE IN TERMS OF LEGAL RULINGS, OUTCOMES, HOW THEY MANAGE

THEIR COURTROOM, AND ET CETERA.

SO UNDERSTANDING THAT THAT'S THE COURT'S TENTATIVE AND UNDERSTANDING THAT THAT'S THE COURT'S BASIS FOR THE TENTATIVE, I WANT TO GIVE YOU, MR. FLORES, A BRIEF OPPORTUNITY TO PRESENT

1 YOUR ARGUMENT TO THE COURT ON THAT ISSUE.

A RULING WITH REGARD TO JUDGE WOHLFEIL.

MS. DUKE, AT THAT POINT, IF YOU ALSO -- UNDERSTANDING

WHERE THE COURT'S TENTATIVE IS, IF YOU FEEL THE NEED TO RESPOND

TO ANYTHING, YOU MAY, BUT YOU DON'T HAVE TO. AND I WILL ISSUE

AND AT THAT POINT, MS. DUKE, YOU MAY STAY ON, BUT
YOU'RE ALSO FREE TO DROP OFF THE PROCEEDINGS. I DO WANT TO BE
VERY RESPECTFUL OF THE -- OF THE TIME WITH REGARD TO THE
COUNSEL FOR JUDGE WOHLFEIL AND THE STATE. SO WE'LL PROCEED IN
THAT WAY.

AFTER THAT, WE'LL GO AHEAD, AND WE WILL ADDRESS THE CLAIMS, OR RATHER, WE'LL ADDRESS THE MOTION TO DISMISS BROUGHT BY THE F&B DEFENDANTS. BUT WE'LL HANDLE THE JUDICIAL IMMUNITY ISSUE FIRST.

SO GO AHEAD, MR. FLORES, AND TELL ME WHY -- TELL ME
FIRST IF YOU AGREE THAT EVERYTHING THAT YOU HAVE AN ISSUE WITH,
WITH REGARD TO JUDGE WOHLFEIL, COMES OUT OF WHAT HE DID AS A
JUDGE. AND I UNDERSTAND YOU MIGHT FEEL THAT THE THINGS HE DID
WERE INCORRECT OR WRONG OR UNFAIR OR MISGUIDED.

BUT LET ME KNOW IF YOU HAVE ANY ARGUMENT AS TO WHETHER -- WHAT'S IN YOUR COMPLAINT, ACTUALLY, GOES OUTSIDE WHAT HE'S DONE AS A JUDGE.

MR. FLORES: YES, YOUR HONOR. THE PEOPLE SUBMIT, YOUR HONOR. I DO AGREE WITH THE COURT IN THAT ASPECT. I WAS UNDER THE IMPRESSION THAT BECAUSE WE'RE ATTEMPTING TO REVISIT THE

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RULING IN THAT CASE FOR FEDERAL RELIEF PURPOSES, THAT HE MAY BE
A NECESSARY PARTY. BUT, YES, WE WILL SUBMIT ON THE COURT'S
TENTATIVE, AND JUDGE WOHLFEIL WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE ACTION.
         THE COURT: OKAY. THANK YOU.
         GIVEN THAT -- MR. FLORES'S POSITION WITH REGARD TO
JUDGE WOHLFEIL, THE COURT IS GOING TO GO AHEAD AND ADOPT THE
TENTATIVE AS THE COURT'S RULING.
         JUDGE WOHLFEIL IS DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE FROM
THIS -- BECAUSE YOU -- [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] --
         (COURT REPORTER INTERRUPTION.)
         THE COURT: -- THEY -- BECAUSE I WANT TO BE RESPECTFUL
OF YOUR TIME. YOU'RE ALSO FREE TO DROP OFF, AT THIS POINT.
         MS. DUKE: THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR.
         THE COURT: THANK YOU. TAKE CARE.
         NOW, MOVING ON TO THE MOTION TO DISMISS BROUGHT BY THE
FERRIS & BRITTON DEFENDANTS. AND I WILL USE THAT AS SHORTHAND.
THERE ARE SEVERAL GROUNDS FOR DISMISSAL THERE THAT HAVE BEEN
RAISED BY THE F&B DEFENDANTS.
         SO THE COURT IS GOING TO, AGAIN, LIKE IT DID WITH THE
MOTION TO DISMISS BROUGHT BY JUDGE WOHLFEIL, THE COURT WILL --
THE COURT WILL EXPLAIN THE REASONS FOR THAT TENTATIVE,
MR. FLORES. GIVE YOU A CHANCE TO RESPOND. AND THEN GIVE
MR. EMDEE A RESPONSE TO [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] -- A CHANCE
TO RESPOND TO YOU IN TURN TO THE EXTENT THAT HE FEELS IS
NECESSARY.
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SO, FIRST OFF ALL, WITH REGARD TO THE F&B DEFENDANTS, IT LOOKS LIKE, MR. FLORES -- AND I'M LOOKING AT YOUR PARAGRAPH IN YOUR COMPLAINT STARTING AT 130, WHERE -- WHERE YOU START WITH YOUR NARRATIVE THAT -- WHERE YOU START WITH THE NARRATIVE OR AN ALLEGATION REGARDING E-MAILING YOU A COPY OF THE COMPLAINT AND A LIS PENDENS, WHICH ARE PART OF THE LITIGATION PROCEEDINGS. AND THEN THEY GO ON TO DETAIL OTHER ACTIONS THAT THE FERRIS & BRITTON DEFENDANTS -- ARE [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] --ARE LITIGATING THE CASE. THE COURT'S TENTATIVE WITH REGARD TO THE -- FERRIS DEFENDANTS, AND THESE ARE THE LAW FIRM AND THE PEOPLE ASSOCIATED WITH THE LAW FIRM OF FERRIS & BRITTON, INCLUDING ANY PARALEGAL, THE COURT'S FURTHER -- [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] IS TO DISMISS. (COURT REPORTER INTERRUPTION.) THE COURT: AND HERE'S WHY. THE NOERR-PENNINGTON DOCTRINE DOES PROTECT ACTIONS OF EITHER THE ACT OF PETITIONING A COURT OR ACTIONS THAT ARE WITHIN THAT BUBBLE THAT ARE RELATED TO THE ACT OF PETITIONING A COURT SUCH THAT IT HAS -- [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] PROVISION. AND A LOT OF THE -- OR ALL OF THE ALLEGATIONS THAT I'M SEEING IN THE COMPLAINT HAVE TO DEAL WITH ACTIONS THAT WERE TAKEN TO LITIGATE THIS CASE, INCLUDING PRELITIGATION NECESSARY,

PRELITIGATION COMMUNICATIONS, LIKE FORWARDING A COPY OF THE

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COMPLAINT AND UNDERLYING DOCUMENTATION -- [FAILURE IN
TRANSMISSION] LIKE FILING A DEMURRER AND ENTERING A STIPULATION
AND MAKING ARGUMENTS IN COURT HEARINGS. AND I'M NOT SEEING
ANYTHING THAT GOES OUTSIDE OF WHAT --
         (COURT REPORTER INTERRUPTION.)
         THE COURT: -- ATTORNEYS AND OUTSIDE OF THESE ACTS OF
PETITIONING THE COURT AS LAWYERS FOR THEIR CLIENTS.
         SO, MR. FLORES, BASED ON THAT, THE COURT'S INCLINATION
IS TO DISMISS THE CLAIMS AGAINST THE DEFENDANTS WITH PREJUDICE.
I UNDERSTOOD -- AND I ALREADY WAS AWARE OF IT. THERE ARE
EXCEPTIONS FOR -- [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] THAT YOU CAN GET
THE NOERR-PENNINGTON PROTECTIONS JUST BY FILING A FAKE LAWSUIT.
         SO WHEN LITIGATION IS A POSSIBLE ISSUE, THE COURT
LOOKS AT WHETHER THAT UNDERLYING ACTION WAS OBJECTIVELY
BASELESS. AND THE COURT HAS LOOKED AT, IN THIS CASE, IT
DOESN'T LOOK LIKE THAT EXCEPTION OR -- EXCEPTION IS GOING TO BE
VIABLE IN THIS CASE, MR. FLORES.
         AND THE REASON FOR THAT IS GERACI OR GERACI, THE PARTY
THAT THE FERRIS & BRITTON DEFENDANTS WERE REPRESENTING, THEY
WEREN'T A PREVAILING PARTY IN THAT UNDERLYING CASE. AND WHERE
THE LITIGATION IS SUCCESSFUL UNDER THE CURRENT STATE OF THE
LAW, IT LOOKS LIKE THE COURT DOESN'T REALLY NEED TO LOOK ANY
FURTHER.
         THERE ARE INSTANCES WHERE EVEN IF A LITIGATION ISN'T
SUCCESSFUL, THERE'S STILL WAYS TO FIND IT NOT -- NOT [FAILURE
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IN TRANSMISSION] ON LITIGATION. BUT HERE WE HAVE -- IT WAS THE
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    PREVAILING PARTY IN THAT UNDERLYING CASE.
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             AND, AGAIN, MR. FLORES, I FULLY UNDERSTAND THAT IT'S
    YOUR POSITION AND YOUR BELIEF THAT THIS WAS [FAILURE IN
 4
 5
    TRANSMISSION], BECAUSE THINGS WENT WRONG WITH THE PROCESS. BUT
 6
    AS FAR AS -- I'M NOT RULING ON ANY OF THE OTHER DEFENDANTS.
 7
    BUT AS FAR AS THE FERRIS & BRITTON DEFENDANTS GO, IT LOOKS LIKE
8
    WHAT THEY WERE DOING -- FOCUSED ON WHAT THEY WERE DOING IN
 9
    TERMS OF REPRESENTING THEIR CLIENTS IN THEIR ACT OF LITIGATING
10
    OR PETITIONING THE COURT.
11
             SO WITH [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] AN OPPORTUNITY TO
    RESPOND TO ME ON THAT ONE, AS WELL, AND THEN WE'LL TALK ABOUT
12
13
    SOME OF THE [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] OKAY, MR. FLORES?
14
             MR. FLORES: THAT SOUNDS GOOD, YOUR HONOR. YOU KNOW,
15
    OBVIOUSLY, MY -- MINE AND MY CLIENTS' POSITION ON THIS IS
    OBVIOUSLY, YOU KNOW, YES, WE DISAGREE WITH THE RULING IN THAT
16
17
    PRIOR CASE.
18
             BUT I THINK, MORE IMPORTANTLY THAN ANYTHING, YOUR
19
    HONOR, EVERY COURTROOM HAS A DUTY TO IDENTIFY WHETHER THERE WAS
20
    AN ILLEGAL ACTION. AND WHAT OUR CLAIM IS, YOUR HONOR, IS THAT
21
    THESE ATTORNEY ASSISTED THEIR CLIENTS IN OBTAINING OR
22
    ATTEMPTING TO OBTAIN SOMETHING THAT WAS -- HE WAS LEGALLY
23
    BARRED FROM OBTAINING.
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             SO THEY KNEW THAT MR. GERACI HAS BEEN PROPERLY
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SANCTIONED FOR RUNNING ILLEGAL -- OR OPERATING ILLEGALLY IN THE

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MARIJUANA INDUSTRY. AND, THEREFORE, WAS BARRED FROM, ULTIMATELY, HAVING THE BENEFIT OF THE BARGAIN IN THAT OTHER CASE, WHICH IS WHAT WE -- WHAT MR. COTTON TO EXPLAIN TO THE COURT AND DID SO, NOT IN AN EFFICIENT MANNER. BUT I THINK THAT EVERY COURT HAS TO LOOK AT THAT CONTRACT TO DECIDE WHETHER OR NOT THE SUBSTANCE OF THE CONTRACT IS ILLEGAL. WE BELIEVE THAT IT IS. WE BELIEVE THAT THE ATTORNEYS SHOULD HAVE KNOWN THAT IT WAS AN ILLEGAL CONTRACT. AND, THEREFORE, THEY, IN ESSENCE, ASSISTED THEIR CLIENT IN OBTAINING A BENEFIT ILLEGALLY. THE COURT: OKAY. THANK YOU, MR. FLORES. I APPRECIATE THAT ARGUMENT. AND I DO FULLY UNDERSTAND AND APPRECIATE THAT YOU HAVE HAD FRUSTRATIONS WITH THE PROCESS THAT HAPPENED IN THE STATE COURT, AND THAT YOU BELIEVE IT WAS A WRONGFUL RESULT. BUT AS FAR [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] BECAUSE YOUR ALLEGATIONS CENTER ON FERRIS & BRITTON DEFENDANTS AND THEIR ACTIVITIES IN TERMS OF PETITIONS, THE COURT BY PURSUING THIS LITIGATION [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] COURT VIOLATING, AND OTHER ACTS THAT ARE INCIDENTAL -- THAT ARE MAKING REQUESTS OF THE [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] FILING BEFORE THE COURT, THE COURT IS GOING TO ADOPT THE TENTATIVE AND DISMISS YOUR CLAIMS AGAINST THE FERRIS & BRITTON DEFENDANTS WITH PREJUDICE. AND THE REASON THAT I'M DEFENDING -- THAT I'M

DISMISSING WITH PREJUDICE IS AFTER HEARING FROM YOU TODAY, IT

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SOUNDS [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] AGAINST THEM, IT'S NOT WHAT
HAPPENED OUTSIDE OF THEIR PETITIONING CONDUCT. SO IT DOESN'T
APPEAR THAT WE'D BE ABLE TO AMEND THIS IN A WAY THAT WOULD FIX
THE PROBLEM WITH -- YOUR BASIC --
         MR. FLORES: I'M SORRY, YOUR HONOR. I DON'T MEAN TO
INTERRUPT. YOU'RE BREAKING UP. EVERYTHING -- I'M CATCHING
EVERY OTHER WORD. I DON'T KNOW IF COUNSEL HAS A PROBLEM HERE.
         THE COURT: I APOLOGIZE, AND I'LL BACK UP A BIT.
         IS THIS BETTER, MR. FLORES?
         MR. FLORES: YES, I CAN HEAR YOU MUCH BETTER. THANK
YOU.
         THE COURT: OKAY. THANK YOU. I'M GOING TO BACK UP
TO -- AND LET ME KNOW IF YOU NEED ME TO BACK UP FURTHER. BUT
I'LL START BACK AT THE POINT WHERE I WAS EXPLAINING WHY I'M
GRANTING THE PETITION, AND WHY I'M DOING THAT WITH PREJUDICE.
         AND THE REASON FOR THAT IS AFTER HEARING FROM YOU,
AND, OF COURSE, AFTER REVIEWING ALL THE PAPERS, IT REALLY
SOUNDS LIKE THE -- THE FUNDAMENTAL CRUX OF YOUR GRIEVANCE
AGAINST THE FERRIS & BRITTON DEFENDANTS IS WHAT THEY DID IN THE
COURTROOM WHILE FILING THINGS BEFORE THE COURT, WHILE MAKING
REQUESTS OF THE COURT, BASICALLY WHILE PETITIONING THE COURT.
AND OTHER THINGS THAT WERE INCIDENTAL TO THAT CONDUCT.
         AND SO IT DOESN'T SOUND LIKE BECAUSE WHAT YOU REALLY
HAVE -- WHAT --
         THE CLERK: YOU'RE CUTTING OFF, YOUR HONOR.
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THE COURT: IT DOESN'T SOUND LIKE YOU WOULD BE ABLE TO
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    AMEND IN A WAY THAT WOULD BE ABLE TO FIX THAT UNDERLYING
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    PROBLEM.
             SO DID YOU FOLLOW ME, MR. FLORES, WITH REGARD TO WHY
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    I'M GRANTING THIS WITH PREJUDICE?
             MR. FLORES: I DID, YOUR HONOR. AND IF I CAN JUST
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    INQUIRE OF THE COURT. OBVIOUSLY, PART OF OUR ARGUMENT, YOUR
    HONOR, IS THAT THE ATTORNEYS CONSPIRED WITH THEIR CLIENT TO
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    OBTAIN AN ILLEGAL RESULT.
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             NOW, OBVIOUSLY, THERE MATTERS -- THEIR ACTIONS, YOU
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    KNOW, PETITIONING THE COURT, HOWEVER, THE CONSPIRACY BETWEEN
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    THEM AND THEIR CLIENT IS KIND OF THE CRUX OF, IN MY MIND, OF
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    WHAT OUR ALLEGATIONS ARE IN THIS CASE.
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             THE COURT: OKAY. THAT -- THAT'S UNDERSTOOD,
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    MR. FLORES. BUT BASED ON THE COURT'S REVIEW OF THE COMPLAINT
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    AND YOUR PAPERS AND CONSIDERING YOUR ARGUMENT TODAY, INSOFAR AS
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    WHAT --
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              (COURT REPORTER INTERRUPTION.)
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             THE CLERK: YOUR HONOR, YOU'RE CUTTING OFF.
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             THE COURT: OKAY. SO, MR. FLORES, HOLD ON JUST A
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    SECOND.
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             MR. EMDEE, ARE YOU HAVING SIMILAR TROUBLE WITH -- WITH
23
    HAVING ME CUT IN AND OUT?
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             MR. EMDEE: I AM HAVING THE SAME ISSUES. HOWEVER, I'M
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    ABLE TO FOLLOW WHAT YOU'RE SAYING. THERE'S CERTAIN WORDS THAT
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ARE MISSING. BUT I KNOW YOU WERE GOING TO GRANT SOMETHING, SO I'M ASSUMING THAT'S THE MOTION TO DISMISS, BUT I AM FOLLOWING PIECE BY PIECE. THE COURT: MR. FLORES, SO IF [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION | WHAT OTHER OPTIONS WE CAN EXPLORE. I'LL JUST BACK -- I'LL JUST BACK UP A LITTLE BIT. AND IT SOUNDS LIKE YOU FOLLOWED ME WHEN I EXPLAINED WHY I WAS GRANTING THIS WITH PREJUDICE. AND I'LL REITERATE -- I WILL GO AHEAD AND REITERATE WHAT I EXPLAINED WITH REGARD TO YOUR ARGUMENT THAT IT'S PART OF THE CONSPIRACY. SO I HEAR YOUR ARGUMENT THAT IT WAS PART OF THE CONSPIRACY. BUT I HAVE REVIEWED YOUR COMPLAINT, YOUR PAPER, AND WHAT YOU ARGUED IN FRONT OF ME TODAY, AND BASED ON THOSE THINGS, MR. FLORES, IT DOESN'T LOOK LIKE THERE'S ANY ACTIVITY THAT YOU ARE COMPLAINING OF THAT DOESN'T CONCERN THE PROTECTED PETITIONING ACTIVITY. AND SO NOERR-PENNINGTON DOES APPLY HERE BECAUSE --AGAIN, IT'S NOT A SHARED LITIGATION BECAUSE MR. GERACI WAS THE PREVAILING PARTY IN THE UNDERLYING ACTION. SO THE COURT IS GOING TO GO AHEAD AND DISMISS THE CLAIMS AGAINST THE F&B DEFENDANTS WITH PREJUDICE. AND, FINALLY, I'D LIKE TO TALK ABOUT THAT -- THE COMPLAINT WITH THE OTHER DEFENDANTS, MR. FLORES. AND I UNDERSTAND THAT LOOKING AT

THE -- THERE ARE MANY, MANY OTHER DEFENDANTS THAT YOU BELIEVE

WERE A PART OF THIS CONSPIRACY.

SO I'D LIKE TO TALK ABOUT STANDING. BECAUSE, FIRST
OFF ALL, STANDING WAS AN ISSUE THAT THE FERRIS & BRITON
DEFENDANTS RAISED IN THEIR PAPERS.

ALSO, STANDING IS SOMETHING THAT IS REQUIRED FOR THE COURT'S SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION. SO THE COURT WOULD HAVE ITS OWN DUTY TO MAKE SURE THAT IT HAS SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION TO PROCEED. AND SO STANDING MEANS THAT YOU, YOURSELF, MR. FLORES, AND THE OTHER PLAINTIFFS SUFFERED AN INJURY THAT IS REDRESSABLE BY THIS COURT.

AND WITH REGARD TO THAT, I'M HAVING TROUBLE

UNDERSTANDING FROM YOUR COMPLAINT, MR. FLORES, WHAT WAS THE

INJURY THAT YOU HAD SUFFERED. IT SOUNDS LIKE FROM THE

UNDERLYING ACTION THAT YOU ARE MR. COTTON'S ATTORNEY OR YOU

WERE HIS ATTORNEY AT CERTAIN POINTS IN TIME [FAILURE IN

TRANSMISSION].

AND WE HAVE LOOKED AT THE PARAGRAPH WHERE YOU TALK

ABOUT THE DENIAL OF THE MOTION TO INTERVENE. BUT I AM STILL

NOT SURE WHAT -- HOW YOU WERE HARMED BY THE CONSPIRACY -- THE

CONSPIRACY THAT YOU'RE ALLEGING AND THE OTHER SERIES OF EVENTS

THAT YOU ARE ALLEGING IN YOUR COMPLAINT.

I UNDERSTAND HOW -- I UNDERSTAND [FAILURE IN
TRANSMISSION] BUT NOT UNDERSTANDING YOU ARE THE ONE THAT
SUFFERED AN INJURY AND -- AND HOW MS. AMY SHERLOCK AND HER
MINOR CHILDREN WERE THE ONES WHO SUFFERED AN INJURY HERE.

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MR. FLORES: YEAH. YOUR HONOR, I CAN GIVE YOU, SORT
OF, A SYNOPSIS OF WHAT OCCURRED. OBVIOUSLY, I'LL NOT TO BE FOR
VERY LONG. I TRIED TO BE AS DETAILED AS POSSIBLE BECAUSE IT IS
LITTLE BIT OF A COMPLICATED SCENARIO.
         BUT, IN ESSENCE, WHAT HAPPENED IN THIS SITUATION, YOUR
HONOR, MR. COTTON HAD A PROPERTY THAT QUALIFIED INITIALLY A
PERMIT TO OPERATE A MEDICAL MARIJUANA DISPENSARY. OKAY?
         HE HAD ENTERED INTO AN AGREEMENT WITH MR. GERACI.
MR. GERACI PURCHASED THAT PROPERTY AND APPLIED FOR A
CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT ON THE PROPERTY. HOWEVER, THEY --
AGAIN, YOU KNOW, AS I STATED BEFORE, MR. GERACI, HE WASN'T
ELIGIBLE TO REQUIRE THE CUP.
         MR. COTTON THEN TERMINATED THE AGREEMENT WITH HIM
BECAUSE HE WAS ASKING FOR SOME REASSURANCES. THOSE
REASSURANCES NEVER CAME. SO HIS CONTROL -- MEDIATION, HE
ENTERED INTO A CONTRACT WITH A NEW INDIVIDUAL, FIRST STEP
PROPERTY. THAT INDIVIDUAL IS RICHARD JAY MARTIN.
         MY INVOLVEMENT WITH MR. COTTON WAS, I ACTUALLY
ASSISTED AS COUNSEL A COUPLE OF TIMES. HE DID ASK ME TO REVIEW
THE ENTIRE CASE, WHICH IS HOW WE GET FAMILIAR WITH IT. AFTER
SOME TIME REVIEWING THE CASE, IT BECAME CLEAR TO ME THAT
MR. MARTIN WOULD HAVE HAD A, YOU KNOW, CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST
MR. GERACI FOR INTENT OF INTERFERENCE WITH HIS CONTRACTUAL
RIGHT WITH MR. COTTON.
         HOWEVER, MR. MARTIN HAD SOME CONCERNS. HE WAS AN
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INVESTOR FROM HAWAII. HE DIDN'T NECESSARILY WANT TO BE INVOLVED IN THE LITIGATION. I DID OFFER TO PURCHASE HIS CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS FROM HIM, WHICH I DID. AND, THEREFORE, BROUGHT THIS ACTION TO HAVE STANDING AS HIS PREDECESSOR INTEREST TO BRING IT BACK AGAIN TO THE INDIVIDUALS. SO WITH RESPECT TO MS. SHERLOCK, MS. SHERLOCK'S HUSBAND -- MS. SHERLOCK'S HUSBAND WAS AN INVESTOR IN THE BALBOA CUP. HE INITIALLY HAD THE BALBOA CUP ISSUED IN HIS NAME. HE HAS SOME PARTNERS ASSOCIATED WITH HIM. HOWEVER, WHAT ENDED UP HAPPENING IS MS. AUSTIN AND HER CLIENT CONSPIRED TO BASICALLY TAKE THAT OVER. AND AT THE POINT, WHEN MR. SHERLOCK PASSED AWAY, NO ONE INFORMED MR. SHERLOCK THAT HE HAD AN INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY. CUP WAS ISSUED IN HIS NAME. THAT HE HAD A BUSINESS PARTNER THAT BASICALLY DIDN'T PROVIDE ANY INFORMATION ABOUT WHAT HAD HAPPENED. AND, EVENTUALLY, SHE'D COME TO FIND OUT THAT THE CUP WAS GRANTED. IT WAS SOLD. THERE WAS SOME SIGNIFICANT AMOUNT OF MONEY. AND IT ALSO INVOLVED THE LITIGATION AT THE MOMENT IN STATE COURT. SO THOSE ARE -- THOSE ARE SORT OF, YOU KNOW, OBVIOUSLY, THE -- THE BEGINNINGS OF THE CLAIM. BUT I WILL INFORM THE COURT THAT WE DID RECENTLY -- AS PART OF THIS JURISDICTIONAL ISSUE, IT'S A LITTLE DIFFICULT BECAUSE THE STATE COURT DOES HAVE CONTROL OVER

THOSE PROPERTIES BECAUSE THEY'RE ALL ALREADY IN LITIGATION AND ATTEMPTING TO INTERVENE IN THOSE LITIGATIONS.

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I DID -- I KEPT INTERVENING ON BEHALF OF MS. SHERLOCK IN THE LITIGATION ABOUT THE BALBOA CUP. HOWEVER, THE COURT IN THAT CASE SAID THAT IT WOULD SIGNIFICANTLY EXPAND THE ISSUES IN THAT MATTER. SO IT DENIED THE REQUEST. SO WE ENDED UP -- AND THAT'S READING BETWEEN THE LINES. THE JUDGE, HE BASICALLY SAID, YOU KNOW, "FILE YOUR OWN COMPLAINT." THIS IS WHAT WE DID. IT WOULD BE OUR INTENT, YOUR HONOR, AT THIS POINT, TO ACTUALLY FILE A MOTION TO STAY THIS ACTION UNTIL THE REVOLUTION OF THE RES IN THOSE CASES OR IN STATE COURT CASE RESOLVES. AND THEN WE COME BACK AND ADDRESS OUR CONSTITUTIONAL CLAIMS AT THAT TIME. OBVIOUSLY, WHATEVER WE'RE DEALING WITH, YOU KNOW, ANY TRUST CONSPIRACY IN CALIFORNIA STATE CLAIM THAT WE'VE MADE IN THE STATE COURT CASE. AND, AGAIN, YOU KNOW, IF WE ARE ASKING FOR LOST PROFITS IN ANY OF THOSE THINGS, IT'S MY UNDERSTANDING THE FEDERAL COURT WILL NOT BE ABLE TO GIVE US THOSE REMEDIES BECAUSE OF THE FACT THAT, YOU KNOW, THERE IS -- YOU KNOW --OBVIOUSLY, UNDER FEDERAL LAW, MARIJUANA IS LEGAL. BUT, OBVIOUSLY, ENTITLED TO ANY -- UNDER STATE COURT, YOU KNOW, WE SHOULD BE ABLE TO RECOVER THOSE. THE COURT: OKAY. THANK YOU, MR. FLORES, FOR THAT EXPLANATION, THE CURRENT COMPLAINT. AND IT'S HELPFUL TO HAVE THAT EXPLANATION SO THAT THE COURT CAN GAUGE WHETHER AMENDMENTS

MIGHT BE EITHER USEFUL OR FUTILE AND THAT AMENDMENT WOULD NOT

1 BE ABLE TO FIX THE UNDERLYING PROBLEM.

SO ON THE -- BASED ON THE CURRENT COMPLAINT, THE COURT RULES THAT YOU HAVEN'T ADEQUATELY PLED THAT YOU HAVE STANDING,
IN THAT YOU ARE THE ONE THAT SUFFERED THE INJURY AND THAT
MS. SHERLOCK WAS THE ONE WHO SUFFERED THE INJURY.

THE COURT ALSO NOTES THAT RE-DRESS ABILITY IS AT LEAST WITH REGARD TO SOME OF YOUR REQUESTS WITH THE -- IN TERMS OF -THE COURT -- BASICALLY, UNDO WHAT THE STATE COURT HAS DONE THAT THERE ARE PROBLEMS OF REDRESSABILITY THERE, AS WELL, IN THAT THIS COURT, LIKELY, DOES NOT HAVE THE POWER TO GO IN AND ORDER THE STATE COURT TO UNDO ITS RULES.

BECAUSE THE PROPER REMEDY AND PROCEDURE FOR THAT IS TO APPEAL THE STATE COURT RULINGS IN THE PROPER APPELLATE FORUM

FOR THAT. AT THIS POINT, WHAT THE COURT IS GOING TO DO, IS THE COURT IS GOING TO DISMISS YOUR FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, BUT THIS WILL BE WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

SO THAT MEANS THAT YOU WOULD HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO AMEND TO TRY TO SHOW ME IN THE COMPLAINT WHAT YOU ARE TRYING TO EXPLAIN TO ME TODAY, AS IN, TELL ME HOW YOU WERE THE ONE THAT WAS HURT BY THIS, AND HOW MS. SHERLOCK WAS THE ONE THAT WAS HURT BY THIS.

AND SO IF YOU -- SO I'LL GIVE YOU -- HOW MUCH TIME DO
YOU THINK THAT YOU WOULD NEED TO FILE THIS AMENDED [FAILURE IN
TRANSMISSION] -- AND -- AND THEN AT ANY TIME, OF COURSE, YOU
WOULD BE ABLE TO FILE THAT MOTION TO STAY. AND THE COURT WOULD

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CONSIDER THAT SEPARATELY WHEN IT CAME IN. BUT AS FAR AS AMENDING THIS COMPLAINT, I AM GOING TO GIVE YOU AN OPPORTUNITY TO AMEND THE COMPLAINT. DO YOU THINK 45 DAYS WOULD BE ADEQUATE, MR. FLORES? MR. FLORES: I THINK I HAVE A VERY TIGHT SCHEDULE AT THE MOMENT. ARE WE ABLE TO GO 60 DAYS? THE COURT: SURE. I WILL GIVE YOU 60 DAYS TO AMEND THE COMPLAINT. MR. COURTROOM DEPUTY, COULD YOU LET ME KNOW A WEEKDAY THAT IS APPROXIMATELY 60 DAYS FROM NOW AND THE COURT WILL MAKE A DATE CERTAIN IN ITS RULING? THE CLERK: YES, YOUR HONOR. 60 DAYS OUT WILL GIVE US THE NEXT DATE -- AFTER 60 DAYS FOR THE CIVIL CALENDAR IS WEDNESDAY, MAY 11TH. THE COURT: GREAT. THANK YOU. SO, MR. FLORES, I AM [FAILURE IN TRANSMISSION] IN YOUR COMPLAINT ON STANDING GROUNDS WITHOUT PREJUDICE. YOU WILL HAVE -- YOU WILL HAVE UNTIL WEDNESDAY, MAY 11TH, TO FILE A SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT. OKAY, MR. FLORES? MR. FLORES: THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR, FOR YOUR TIME. YES. THANK YOU VERY MUCH. THE COURT: YOU'RE WELCOME. MR. FLORES, ARE YOU STILL WITH US? MR. FLORES: I AM, YOUR HONOR. CAN YOU HEAR ME?

THE COURT: OKAY. I'M JUST AFRAID THAT I LOST YOU.

1 I ALSO --2 MR. FLORES: I --3 THE COURT: CAN YOU HEAR ME? 4 MR. FLORES: I CAN. 5 THE COURT: OKAY. THANK YOU. 6 I ALSO WANT TO ADDRESS, WHILE I HAVE YOU, THAT 9083 7 ACTIONS -- AND THERE WAS A CHALLENGE RAISED WITH REGARD TO THAT 8 ALSO BY MR. EMDEE. 9083 ACTIONS NEED TO BE ALLEGED AGAINST 9 PEOPLE WHO ARE ACTING UNDER COLOR OF STATE LAW. 10 AND SO WHILE I'M DISMISSING WITH LEAVE TO AMEND ON 11 STANDING GROUNDS, WHILE I HAVE YOU, SINCE YOU'RE PROCEEDING PRO 12 SE, I JUST WANTED TO FLAG THAT ISSUE FOR YOU AS WELL. OKAY, 13 MR. FLORES? 14 AND AT THIS POINT, PLEASE DON'T DROP OFF YET. I'M 15 GOING TO GIVE MR. EMDEE A CHANCE TO ADDRESS THE COURT WITH 16 WHATEVER HE FEELS NECESSARY GIVEN THE COURT'S RULINGS. I --17 I -- I'M GOING TO GIVE HIM THAT OPPORTUNITY, EVEN THOUGH I HAVE 18 LARGELY RULED IN HIS FAVOR, JUST IN CASE, AND THEN -- AND THEN 19 AT THAT POINT, WE'LL CONCLUDE THE HEARING. 20 BUT, MR. FLORES, PLEASE PLEASE STAY ON UNTIL THE HEARING IS CONCLUDED. 21 22 GO AHEAD, MR. EMDEE. 23 MR. EMDEE: THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR. 24 I'M FINE WITH SUBMITTING ON THE TENTATIVES THAT THE 25 COURT HAS ALREADY ADOPTED. AND AS FAR AS THE STANDING ISSUE,

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THAT DOESN'T REALLY INVOLVE MY CLIENT AT THIS POINT IN TIME.
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             THE COURT: GREAT. THANK YOU. THE HEARING AT THIS
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    POINT IS CONCLUDED.
             MR. FLORES, YOU HAVE YOUR 60 DAYS TO AMEND ANOTHER
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    COMPLAINT AND WHATEVER OTHER MOTIONS YOU'RE ANTICIPATING. THE
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    COURT WILL CONSIDER THOSE ONES THAT ARE BEFORE THE COURT. TAKE
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    CARE --
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            MR. EMDEE: YOUR HONOR, QUICK -- QUICK QUESTION, YOUR
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    HONOR. ABOUT THAT -- THE RULING -- DISMISSAL WITH PREJUDICE.
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    WILL THE PARTIES BE OFFICIALLY TERMINATED AT THIS POINT?
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    BECAUSE I JUST WANT TO MAKE SURE BECAUSE, TYPICALLY, WHEN A
    MOTION TO DISMISS IS GRANTED IN A FEDERAL COURT, THE TIMELINE
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    TO APPEAL AND EVERYTHING DOESN'T BEGIN TO RUN UNTIL ALL THE
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    PARTIES HAVE BEEN DISMISSED, SO I'M ASSUMING THAT MEANS WE'LL
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    BE DISMISSED AT THE 60-DAY MARK.
             THE COURT: SO WE'LL GO AHEAD AND FOLLOW UP WITH THE
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    SHORT WRITTEN RULING AS STATED ON THE RECORD THAT YOUR CLIENTS
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    ARE DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE.
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             THE -- YES, THERE IS THAT SITUATION WITH APPELLATE
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    PROCESS, BUT WE WILL ENTER JUDGMENT WITH REGARD TO YOUR
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    CLIENTS.
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             MR. EMDEE: OKAY. ALL RIGHT. THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR,
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    SO WE -- OKAY. SO YOUR UNDERSTANDING IS THAT OUR TIMELINE TO
    APPEAL THIS RULING DOES NOT BEGIN UNTIL ALL THE DEFENDANTS ARE
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OUT OF THIS MATTER?

1 THE COURT: SO, MR. EMDEE, I CAN'T GIVE LEGAL 2 ADVICE --3 MR. EMDEE: NO. I UNDERSTAND. I UNDERSTAND, YOUR HONOR. 4 5 THE COURT: OKAY. THANK YOU. 6 MR. EMDEE: ALL RIGHT. 7 MR. FLORES: THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR. THE CLERK: AND, YOUR HONOR, THAT CONCLUDES THE 8 9 COURT'S CALENDAR. AND WE'RE IN RECESS. 10 (THE PROCEEDINGS WERE ADJOURNED AT 10:41 A.M.) -000-11 12 CERTIFICATE I, ABIGAIL R. TORRES, CERTIFY THAT I AM A DULY 13 QUALIFIED AND ACTING OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER FOR THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT; THAT THE FOREGOING IS A TRUE AND 14 ACCURATE TRANSCRIPT OF THE PROCEEDINGS AS TAKEN BY ME IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER ON MARCH 23, 2022, AND THAT THE FORMAT 15 USED COMPLIES WITH THE RULES AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE UNITED STATES JUDICIAL CONFERENCE. 16 DATED: JUNE 21, 2022, SAN DIEGO 17 S/ABIGAIL R. TORRES 18 ABIGAIL R. TORRES 19 U.S. OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER 20 21 2.2 23 24 25

EXHIBIT-C

Cotton Cases 1 -7 and Razuki Cases 1 - 5: Summary of Actions, Judges, Parties and Counsel

Cotton Case 1

Cotton v. Geraci, et al. – Case No. 37-2017-00010073-CU-BC-CTL (Total Docket Entries as of 07/29/20: 727)

Judge	Plaintiff	Plaintiff's Counsel	Defendants/Cross Defendants	Defense Counsel
Wohlfeil	Darryl Cotton	Pro Per	Lawrence aka "Larry" Larry Geraci	Gina M. Austin, Arden Anderson – Austin Legal Group
		David Demian – Finch Thornton & Baird	Rebecca Berry (Cross Defendant)	Julia Dalzell – Pettit, Kohn, Ingrassia & Lutz PC
		Adam Witt – Finch Thornton & Baird		Michael Weinstein – Ferris & Britton
		Jason Thornton – Finch Thornton & Baird		Elyssa Kulas - Ferris & Britton
		Rishi Bhatt – Finch Thornton & Baird		Scott Toothacre - Ferris & Britton
		Evan Schube – Tiffany & Bosco		Megan Lees
		Jacob Austin – Law Offices		
		Andrew Flores – Law Offices		
		JoEllen Baskett – Law Offices		

Cotton Case 2

Cotton v. City of San Diego, et al. - Case No. 37-2017-00037675-CU-WM-CTL (Total Docket Entries as of 11/06/18: 109)

Judge	Plaintiff	Plaintiff's Counsel	Defendants/Cross-Defendants	Defense Counsel
Sturgeon	Darryl Cotton	David Demian – Finch Thornton & Baird	City of San Diego	San Diego Office of the City Attorney - Mara Elliott, George Schaefer, M. Travis Phelps, Jana Will
		Rishi Bhatt – Finch Thornton & Baird	Rebecca Berry - Real Party in Interest	Michael Weinstein – Ferris & Britton
		Adam Witt – Finch Thornton & Baird	Larry Geraci – Real Party in Interest	Michael Weinstein - Ferris & Britton
		Jason Thornton – Finch Thornton & Baird		

Cotton 3

Cotton v. Geraci, et al. - Case No. 18CV0325-GPC-MDD (Total Docket Entries as of 05/20/22:116)

Judge	Plaintiff	Plaintiff's Counsel	Defendants/Cross-Defendants	Defense Counsel
Curiel	Darryl Cotton	Pro Per	Lawrence aka "Larry" Larry Geraci	James Crosby – Law Offices
Bashant		Law Office of Jacob Austin	Rebecca Berry	James Crosby – Law Offices
Robinson			Gina Austin	Douglas Pettit; Julia Dalzell; Michelle Bains – Pettit, Kohn, Ingrassia, Lutz & Dolin
Ohta			Austin Legal Group	Douglas Pettit; Julia Dalzell; Michelle Bains – Pettit, Kohn, Ingrassia, Lutz & Dolin
			Michael Weinstein	James Kjar, Jon Schwalbach, Gregory Emdee – Kjar, McKenna & Stockalper
			Scott Toothacre	James Kjar, Jon Schwalbach, Gregory Emdee – Kjar, McKenna & Stockalper
			Ferris & Britton, APC	James Kjar, Jon Schwalbach, Gregory Emdee– Kjar, McKenna & Stockalper
			City of San Diego	M. Travis Phelps – Deputy City Attorney
			David Demian	Corinne Bertsche – Lewis & Brisbois
			Cynthia Bashant	Carmela Duke – San Diego Superior Court
			Joel Wohlfieil	Carmela Duke – San Diego Superior Court
			Jessica McElfresh	Laura Stewart – Walsh McKean Furcolo LLP
			US DOJ/Office of US Atty - Interested Party	Katherine Parker – DOJ-OUSA

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Cotton and Hurtado v. Geraci, et al – Case No. 18CV027510GPC-MDD (Total Docket Entries as of 05/14/19: 33)

Judge	Plaintiffs	Plaintiffs' Counsel	Defendants/Cross-Defendants	Defense Counsel
Curiel	Darryl Cotton	Law Office of Jacob Austin	Lawrence aka "Larry" Larry Geraci	Law Office of James Crosby
	Joe Hurtado	Law Office of Jacob Austin	Rebecca Berry	Law Office of James Crosby
			Austin Legal Group	Douglas Pettit: Julia Dalzell – Pettit, Kohn Ingrassia, Lutz & Dolin
			Ferris & Britton APC	Eric R. Deitz, Tatiana Dupuy – Gordon & Reese
			Michael Weinstein	Tatiana Dupuy – Gordon & Rees
			Scott Toothacre	Tatiana Dupuy – Gordon & Rees
			Finch Thornton & Baird	Kenneth Feldman, Tim J. Vanden Heuvel – Lewis & Brisbois
			David Demian	Kenneth Feldman, Tim J. Vanden Heuvel – Lewis & Brisbois
			Adam Witt	Kenneth Feldman, Tim J. Vanden Heuvel – Lewis & Brisbois

Cotton 5

Flores, et al. v. Geraci, et al. – Case No. 20CV0656-JLS-LL (Total Docket Entries as of 06/21/22: 42)

Judge	Plaintiffs	Plaintiffs' Counsel	Defendants/Cross-Defendants	Defense Counsel
Sammartino	Andrew Flores	Pro Per	Gina M. Austin	
Bashant	Amy Sherlock	Law Office of Andrew Flores	Austin Legal Group	
Sabraw	T.S. (Minor)	Law Office of Andrew Flores	Joel R. Wohlfeil	Carmela Duke – Superior Court of California
Robinson	S.S. (Minor)	Law Office of Andrew Flores	Lawrence (aka Larry) Geraci	
Ohta			Tax & Liability Financial Center, Inc.	
			Rebecca Berry	
			Jessica McElfresh	
			Salam Razuki	
			Ninus Malan	
			Michael Robert Weinstein	Gregory B. Emdee, Jon R. Schwalbach – Kjar, McKenna & Stackalper
			Scott Toothacre	Gregory B. Emdee, Jon R. Schwalbach – Kjar, McKenna & Stackalper
			Elyssa Kulas	Gregory B. Emdee, Jon R. Schwalbach – Kjar, McKenna & Stackalper
			Rachel M. Prendergast	
			Ferris & Britton APC	Gregory B. Emdee, Jon R. Schwalbach – Kjar, McKenna & Stackalper
			David S. Demian	
			Adam C. Witt	
			Rishi S. Bhatt	
			Finch Thornton & Baird LLP	
			James D. Crosby	
			Abhay Schweitzer	
			James (aka Jim) Bartell	
			Bartell & Associates	
			Matthew William Shapiro	
			Matthew W. Shapiro APC	
			Natalie Trang-My Nguyen	
			Aaron Magagna	
			A-M Industries	

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Cotton 5 - CONTINUED

Judge	Plaintiffs	Plaintiff's Counsel	Defendants-Cross-Defendants	Defendants'-Cross-Defendants' Counsel
			Bradford Harcourt	
			Alan Claybon	
			Shawn Miller	
			Logan Stellmacher	
			Eulenthias Duane Alexander	
			Bianca Martinez	
			City of San Diego	
			2018FMO, LLC	
			Firouzeh Tirandazi	
			Stephen G. Cline	

Cotton 6

Cotton v. Geraci, et al. - Case No. 37-2022-00000023-CU-MC-CTL (Total Docket Entries as of 07/29/22: 80)

Judge	Plaintiff	Plaintiff Counsel	Defendant – Cross Defendant	Defendant Counsel
Mangione	Darryl Cotton	Pro Per	Lawrence AKA "Larry" Larry Geraci	Law Office of James Crosby
				Michael Weinstein – Ferris & Britton

Cotton 7

Sherlock, et al. v. Geraci, et al – Case No. 37-2021-00050889-CU-AT-CTL (Total Docket Entries as of 08/18/22: 97)

Judge	Plaintiff	Plaintiff Counsel	Defendant – Cross Defendant	Defendant Counsel
Mangione	Andrew Flores	Pro Per	Lawrence aka "Larry" Larry Geraci	Law Office of James Crosby
	Amy Sherlock	Law Office of Andrew Flores	Rebecca Berry	Michael Weinstein – Ferris & Britton
	T.S. (a Minor)	Law Office of Andrew Flores	Stephen Lake	Steven Wilson Blake – Blake Law Firm
	S.S. (a Minor)	Law Office of Andrew Flores	Jessica McElfresh	Laura E. Stewart – Walsh McKean Furcolo LLP
	Christopher Williams	Law Office of Andrew Flores	Finch Thornton & Baird LLP	
			Salam Razuki	
			Abhay Schweitzer	
			Ninus Malan	
			James Bartell	
			Bartell & Kwiatkowski (formerly Bartell & Associates)	
			Natalie Trang-My Nguyen	
			Bradford Harcourt	
			Logan Miller	
			Eulenthias Duane Alexander	
			Gina Austin	Douglas A. Pettit, Matthew C. Smith, Kayla R. Sealey – Pettit, Kohn, Ingrassia, Lutz & Dolin
			Austin Legal Group APC	Douglas A. Pettit, Matthew C. Smith, Kayla R. Sealey – Pettit, Kohn, Ingrassia, Lutz & Dolin
			Aaron Magagna	
			Allied Spectrum Inc	
			Prodigious Collectives LLC	

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Razuki 1

SDPCC & Harcourt v. Razuki, et al. – Case No. 37-2017-00020661-CU-CO-CTL (Total Docket Entries as of 08/08/22: 512)

Judge	Plaintiffs	Plaintiffs' Counsel	Defendants/Cross Defendants	Defense Counsel
Sturgeon	San Diego Patients Cooperative Corp. Inc	Alan Claybon, Mark Collier - Messner Reeves LLP	Razuki Investments LLC	David K. Demergian – Fitzmaurice, Demergian & Gagnon
	Amy Sherlock (Appellant)	Andrew Flores – Law Offices	Salam Razuki	Steven A. Elia – Elia Law Firm, Douglas Jaffe – Douglas Jaffe Law Offices
	Bradford Harcourt	Alan Claybon, Mark Collier – Messner Reeves LLP	Keith Henderson	Douglas Jaffe – Douglas Jaffe Law Offices
			American Lending and Holdings LLC	David K. Demergian – Fitzmaurice, Demergian & Gagnon
			Balboa Ave. Cooperative	
			California Cannabis Group	Gina M. Austin; Ethan T. Boyer; Tamara M. Leetham – Austin Legal
				Group APC, Olga Y. Bryan – Ames Karanjia LLP
			Ninus Malan	David K. Demergian – Fitzmaurice, Demergian & Gagnon
			San Diego United Holdings Group LLC	David K. Demergian – Fitzmaurice, Demergian & Gagnon

Razuki 2

Salam Razuki v. Ninus Malan, et al. – Case No. 37-2018-00034229-CU-BC-CTL (Total Docket Entries as of 08/16/22: 2,258)

Judge	Plaintiff	Plaintiff's Counsel	Defendants/Cross Defendants	Defense Counsel
Sturgeon	Salam Razuki	Law Office of John W. Zryd	Ninus Malan	David K. Demergian - Fitamaurice & Demergian; James R. Lance, Genevieve M. Ruch – Noonan
				Lance Boyer & Banach LLP
			SH Westpoint Investments Group LLC	Steven A. Elia; Garret F. Groom; James Joseph – Elia Law Firm; Maura Griffin - Aljabi Law Firm
			Super 5 Consulting Group LLC	Douglas Jaffe – Law Office of Douglas Jaffe
			Sunrise Property Investments LLC	Douglas Jaffe – Law Office of Douglas Jaffe
			Stonecrest Plaza LLC	James Joseph – Elia Law Firm APC
			SoCal Building Ventures LLC	Paul A. Beck - Law Offices of Paul A. Beck APC
			Amy Sherlock (Appellant, Intervenor)	Andrew Flores – Law Offices
			SD United Holding Group LLC	Gina M. Austin-Austin Legal Group; Steven W. Galuppo; Daniel Watts- G10 Law; Louis A. Lance -
				Noonan Lance Boyer & Banach LLP
			SD Private Investments LLC	James Joseph – Elia Law Firm APC
			SD Building Ventures LLC	Paul A. Beck - Law Offices of Paul A. Beck APC
			SH Westpoint Group LLC	James Joseph – Elia Law Firm APC
			Roselle Properties LLC	Charles F. Goria - Goria & Weber
			Heidi Rising	
			Sarah Razuki	Steven A. Elia - Elia Law Firm APC; Douglas Jaffe – Law Office of Douglas Jaffe
			Matthew Razuki	Steven A. Elia - Elia Law Firm APC; Douglas Jaffe – Law Office of Douglas Jaffe
			Marvin Razuki	Steven A. Elia - Elia Law Firm APC; Douglas Jaffe – Law Office of Douglas Jaffe
			Razuki Investments LLC	James Joseph – Elia Law Firm APC
			RM Property Holders LLC	Douglas Jaffe – Law Office of Douglas Jaffe
			Monarch Management Consulting Inc	Gina M. Austin – Austin Legal Group; Steven W. Blake – Blake Law Firm; James R. Lance; Genevieve
				M. Ruch – Noonan Lance Boyer & Banach LLP
			Mira Este Properties LLC	Charles F. Goria - Goria & Weber
			Melrose Place Inc	James Joseph – Elia Law Firm APC
			Lemon Grove Plaza LP	James Joseph – Elia Law Firm APC

Razuki 2 (CONTINUED)

Judge	Plaintiff	Counsel	Defendants/Cross-Defendants	Defense Counsel
			Adam Knopf	
			Chris Hakim	Charles F. Goria - Goria & Weber; Gregory D. Hagen - Greg Hagen Law
			Goldn Bloom Ventures Inc	Douglas Jaffe – Law Office of Douglas Jaffe
			G10 Galuppo Law (Interventor)	Daniel Watts – G10 Law
			Matthew Freeman	
			Flip Management LLC	James R. Lance; Genevieve M. Ruch - Noonan, Lance, Boyer & Banach LLP
			Far West Management LLC	
			Michael Essary (Appeal Respondent)	Richardson Craig Griswold - Griswold Law APC
			El Cajon Investments Group	James Joseph - Jurewitz Law Group
			Devilish Delights Inc	Gina M. Austin – Austin Legal Group; Steven W. Blake – Blake Law Firm ; James R. Lance, Genevieve M. Ruch – Noonan Lance Boyer & Banach LLP
			California Cannabis Group	Gina M. Austin – Austin Legal Group; Steven W. Blake – Blake Law Firm ; James R. Lance, Genevieve M. Ruch – Noonan Lance Boyer & Banach LLP
			Balboa Ave Cooperative	Gina M. Austin – Austin Legal Group; Steven W. Blake – Blake Law Firm ; James R. Lance, Genevieve M. Ruch – Noonan Lance Boyer & Banach LLP
			Alexis Bridgewater	
			American Lending & Holdings LLC	David K. Demergian – Fitzmaurice & Demergian; James R. Lance; Genevieve M. Ruch – Noonan Lance Boyer & Banach LLP
			Alternative Health Cooperative Inc	Law Office of Douglas Jaffe

Razuki 3 <u>United States v. Salam Razuki, et al. – Case No. 18-mj-05915</u> (Terminated) – Reopened under 18-cr-05260 (Total Docket Entries as of 06/30/22: 77)

Judge	Plaintiff	Plaintiff Counsel	Defendant – Cross Defendant	Defense Counsel
Gallo	United States of America	Derek Timothy Ko - USDOJ	Salam Razuki	Dana M. Grimes, Thomas J. Warwick Jr., Jay Temple – Grimes & Warwick; Antonia F. Yoon - Kegel, Tobin & Truce
Bencivengo		Fred A. Shepard - USDOJ	Sylvia Gonzales	Brian P. Funk – Law Office of Brian P. Funk
		Shital Thakkar - USDOJ	Elizabeth Juarez	Allen Robert Bloom – Law Office of Allen Bloom

Razuki 4

Ninus Malan v. Salam Rakuki, et al. — Case No 27-2019-00041260 (Total Docket Entries as of 08/05/22: 77)

Judge	Plaintiff	Plaintiff's Counsel	Defendants/Cross Defendants	Defense Counsel
Frazier	Ninus Malan	John Gomez: Jessica Sizemore – Gomez Law	Salam Razuki	
			Marvin Razuki	
			Sarah Razuki	
			Matthew Razuki	
			Razuki Investments	
			SH Westpoint Group LLC	
			San Diego Private Investments LLC	
			Sunrise Property Investments LLC	Douglas Jaffe – Law Office of Douglas Jaffe
			Super 5 Consulting Group LLC	Douglas Jaffe – Law Office of Douglas Jaffe

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Razuki 4 (Continued)

Judge	Plaintiff	Plaintiff Counsel	Defendants/Cross Defendants	Defense Counsel
			3407 E Street LLC	Douglas Jaffe - Law Office of Douglas Jaffe
			Alternative Health Sunrise Inc	Douglas Jaffe - Law Office of Douglas Jaffe
			El Cajon Investments Group LLC	
			Goldn Bloom Ventures Inc	Douglas Jaffe - Law Office of Douglas Jaffe Law
			Sylvia Gonzales	
			Elizabeth Juarex	Michael Egenthal
			Lemon Grove Plaza LP	
			Melrose Place Inc	
	-		RM Property Holdings LLC	Douglas Jaffe - Law Office of Douglas Jaffe

EXHIBIT-D

STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF COTTON RELATED CASES

A total of 11 related actions were filed in San Diego – 7 were filed in the San Diego County Superior Court, and 4 were filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT

State Related Cases

A total of 7 related cases were filed in this court, and an appeal was taken from one of these cases. The Register of Actions entries for these 7 cases total 3,860.

<u>Judges</u>

Four different judges presided over the 7 related cases:

- The Hon. Eddie Sturgeon (3 cases)
- The Hon. Joel R. Wohlfeil (1 case)
- The Hon. Ronald F. Frazier (1 case)
- The Hon. James A. Mangione (2 cases)

Parties

A total of 69 parties were named in these related cases – 10 Plaintiffs and 59 Defendants/Cross-Defendants

- Plaintiffs Out of the 10 Plaintiffs, 1 was a Plaintiff in 3 cases, 1 was a Plaintiff in 2 cases, and the remaining 8 each were Plaintiffs in 1 case.
- Defendants/Cross-Defendants Out of the 59 Defendants/Cross-Defendants, 4 were Defendants/Cross-Defendants in 3 cases, 16 were Defendants/Cross-Defendants in 2 cases, and the remaining 39 each were Defendants/Cross-Defendants in 1 case.

Additional Parties

There were 5 additional parties which include:

- 2 Real Parties in Interest
- 1 Intervenor
- 1 Appellant Intervenor
- 1 Appellate Respondent

Counsel for the Parties

- Plaintiffs' Counsel Out of the 10 Plaintiffs, 1 Plaintiff was self-represented in 4 cases, and 11 were represented by attorneys from 8 firms, with 1 firm representing 3 Plaintiffs and 3 firms each representing 2 Plaintiffs.
- Defendants'/Cross-Defendants' Counsel The 59 Defendants/Cross-Defendants were represented by 24 attorneys from 16 firms, 1 firm representing 9 Defendants/Cross-Defendants, 1 firm representing 6 Defendants/Cross-Defendants, 2 firms representing 5 Defendants/Cross-Defendants, 1 firm representing 4 Defendants/Cross-Defendants, and 3 firms representing 3 Defendants/Cross-Defendants.
- Counsel for 2 Real Parties in Interest 1 firm/attorney
- Counsel for Intervenor 1 firm/attorney
- Appellant Intervenor –1 firm/attorney
- Appellate Respondent 1 firm/attorney

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Federal Related Cases

A total of 4 related cases were filed in this court. The Docket entries for these 7 cases total 268.

District and Magistrate Judges

Eight different judges presided over the 4 related cases:

- The Hon. Gonzalo P. Curiel (2 cases)
- The Hon. Cynthia A. Bashant (2 cases)
- The Hon. Todd W. Robinson (2 cases)
- The Hon. Jinsook Ohta (2 cases)
- The Hon. Janis L. Sammartino
- The Hon. Jinsook Ohta
- The Hon Cathy Ann Bencivengo
- The Hon, William V. Gallo

Parties

A total of 45 parties were named in these cases – 7 Plaintiffs and 38 Defendants/Cross-Defendants.

- Plaintiffs Out of the 7 named Plaintiffs, 1 Plaintiff was self-represented in 2 cases, and one was a Plaintiff in 2 cases, and the remaining 5 each were Plaintiffs in 1 case.
- Defendants/Cross-Defendants Out of the 38 named Defendants/Cross-Defendants in these cases, 2 were Defendants/Cross-Defendants in 5 cases, 1 was a Defendant/Cross-Defendant in 4 cases, 5 were Defendants/Cross-Defendants in 3 cases, 2 were Defendants/Cross-Defendants in 2 cases, and the remaining 28 each were Defendants/Cross-Defendants in 1 case.

Additional Parties

There was 1 Real Party in Interest in 1 case.

Counsel for the Parties

- Plaintiffs' Counsel Out of the 7 Plaintiffs, 2 Plaintiffs each were self-represented in 2 cases, 3 Plaintiffs were represented by the same firm, and the remaining 2 Plaintiffs also were represented by the same firm.
- Defendants'/Cross-Defendants' Counsel The 38 Defendants/Cross-Defendants were represented by 20 attorneys from 12 firms, 2 firms each representing 4 Defendants/Cross-Defendants, and 3 each firms representing 3 Defendants/Cross-Defendants.
- Counsel for Real Party in Interest 1 attorney from DOJ/Office of the US Attorney.

EXHIBIT-E

From: Leo Caseria < LCaseria@sheppardmullin.com>

Sent: Friday, April 29, 2022 7:15 AM

To:

Cc: Thomas Tyson **Subject:** RE: Antitrust and Cannabis

.

Thanks for reaching out. Unfortunately, we are not in a position to take this matter on right now.

Also, to be clear, while we do practice antitrust law and have a great deal of expertise in antitrust litigation matters and disputes, we did not represent any of the parties in the Richmond matter. It was a matter we followed closely and then analyzed in our article. You may want to reach out to one of the attorneys from that case.

We also do not take on matters adverse or potentially or potentially adverse to other law firms or their attorneys.

Thanks again for reaching out and we hope to work with you on something else in the future.

Leo D. Caseria | Partner

- +1 202-747-1925 | Direct (Washington, DC)
- +1 213-617-4206 | Direct (Los Angeles)
- +1 310-405-1787 | Mobile

LCaseria@sheppardmullin.com | Bio

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333 South Hope Street, 43rd Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071-1422 +1 213-620-1780 | main

www.sheppardmullin.com | LinkedIn | Twitter

From:

Sent: Thursday, April 28, 2022 8:27 PM

To: Leo Caseria <LCaseria@sheppardmullin.com>

Cc: Thomas Tyson < ttyson@sheppardmullin.com>

Subject: RE: Antitrust and Cannabis

Hello Mr. Caseria,

My name is and I am writing in regards to your potential representation of (cc'ed herein), myself and possibly Darryl Cotton. Mr. Cotton forwarded me your email below and we know you prevailed in the *Richmond* matter.

Simply stated, we believe there is an attorney-client conspiracy seeking to create a monopoly in the cannabis market in the City of San Diego.

Summarized, on March 21, 2017, Mr. Martin (a land developer in Hawaii) and

entered into a joint venture with Mr. Cotton for the purchase of his property subject to the approval of a dispensary at his property. The next day, Lawrence Geraci filed a lawsuit against Mr. Cotton alleging that Mr. Cotton had breached an agreement with him in order to sell the property to Mr. Martin. Thereafter, Mr. Cotton sought to defend himself primarily pro se in that litigation (he was also represented at different points in time by six attorneys from four different law firms). Mr. Cotton filed a series of other lawsuits and government complaints against numerous other parties related to the lawsuit against him by Mr. Geraci.

Mr. Geraci prevailed at trial in his litigation against Mr. Cotton. counsel to represent Mr. Cotton in a motion for new trial and they argued that the alleged agreement was unlawful because Mr. Geraci's ownership of a cannabis business was barred by law because he had been sanctioned for operating illegal marijuana dispensaries. The judge found that the defense of illegality had been waived.

)

On January 3, 2022, Mr. Cotton filed a complaint in equity and a motion to vacate the judgment against him on the grounds that it is void for enforcing an illegal contract that was entered on the premise the defense of illegality can be waived.

On February 28, the trial court denied Mr. Cotton's motion but the reasoning provided makes no sense. The trial court's order makes it appear that Mr. Cotton never presented the evidence or argued the issue of illegality. I admit that at this point I believe that the judge is biased and seeking to prevent exposure of the entry of a judgment entered by his colleague that enforces an illegal contract on the premise that the defense of illegality had been waived and he did so because Mr. Cotton is indigent and representing himself pro se.

On April 25, Mr. Cotton filed a petition for a writ seeking to compel the trial court to set aside the judgment. In the petition, Mr. Cotton argues that Mr. Geraci and his alleged conspirators actions constitute violations of the Cartwright Act and the UCL. The link to the petition and the supporting Exhibits and Request for Judicial Notice are below. Mr. Cotton posted them to his website where he keeps track of his litigation and related litigation matters as part of his blog called "Canna-Greed."

would like to engage your services as follows:

First, to review Mr. Cotton's petition and provide an opinion as to the merits of the petition seeking to have the judgment set aside on the grounds that the judgment enforces an illegal contract. Potentially have your represent Mr. Cotton in his appeal (I assume based on my limited experience that the petition will be denied for being outside the scope of the order seeking relief from, particularly in light of the procedural history of Mr. Cotton's litigation matters).

Second, assuming that you conclude the judgment is void, your opinion as to what causes of action have against what parties, potential damages, and estimated fees for your representation. There is a great deal of additional information that we would need to provide for this, but want to clear conflicts and get past step one first.

Third, assuming and are comfortable with the risk of litigation based on your opinion, to immediately file suit. Our understanding is that the UCL and the Cartwright Act provide for immediate injunctive relief to restrain ongoing violations of those acts. And, while it would not be admissible, I was informed yesterday that Mr. Cotton's petition has actually "scared" some of the cannabis attorneys in San Diego and they are taking steps to transfer ownership of cannabis businesses that were, as alleged in the petition, acquired unlawfully for their clients. The cannabis industry in San Diego is small with a limited number of owners and attorneys representing them.

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When I reviewed the petition I noticed that Mr. Cotton only set forth Mr. Geraci as a financially interested party. I explained to him that I was not giving him legal advice but the concept of conflict of interests for the Justices. Attached is a word document he prepared with approximately fifty names of parties he has sued, intends to sue, or he believes are liable for the damages he has suffered. I am assuming that this list will serve for clearing conflicts.

Lastly, we would appreciate if you could provide an estimate as to how long it will take to clear conflicts as soon as possible (given the potential need to file an appeal for Mr. Cotton in less than sixty days).

Below are the links to the petition and supporting exhibits:

- 1) https://151farmers.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/04/8.1.COTTON-WRIT-PWOM.pdf
- 2) https://151farmers.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/04/8.2.Ex-1-6.pdf
- 3) https://151farmers.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/04/8.3.RJNs-Ex-1-11.pdf

We look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,

From: Darryl Cotton < <u>indagrodarryl@gmail.com</u>> Sent: Tuesday, November 9, 2021 9:25 AM

To:

Subject: Fwd: Antitrust and Cannabis

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Leo Caseria < LCaseria@sheppardmullin.com>

Date: Tue, Nov 9, 2021 at 7:24 AM Subject: Antitrust and Cannabis

To: indagrodarryl@gmail.com <indagrodarryl@gmail.com>

Cc: Thomas Tyson < ttyson@sheppardmullin.com >

Hi Darryl,

Just wanted to circle back on your email below. How is your case going?

It's important to have an antitrust compliance program for your cannabis business. Please consider Sheppard Mullin, which has one of the top antitrust groups and also one of the top cannabis groups. Our team's capabilities and experience are set forth in the attached one-pager. Sheppard Mullin's cannabis team has been recognized by Law360, and its antitrust group has been recognized by Legal 500 and US News.

Last month, the Daily Journal published an article (attached) regarding lessons that can be learned from the first cannabis antitrust jury verdict, an article I co-authored with my colleague Thomas Tyson. We can help provide simple and effective training for employees and management on antitrust do's and don'ts.

We can also provide antitrust advice specific to M&A issues. As we explained in a piece published last year (see <u>High Risk of Second Requests in the Cannabis Industry - Antitrust Law Blog</u>), there may be unique antitrust obstacles to overcome on a proposed cannabis M&A transaction. With the Biden administration's new and more aggressive antitrust enforcers, cannabis businesses should have a plan to address antitrust questions that may arise in M&A deals.

Thanks, let us know if you have any questions.

Leo D. Caseria | Partner +1 202-747-1925 | Direct (Washington, DC)

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333 South Hope Street, 43rd Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071-1422 +1 213-620-1780 | main www.sheppardmullin.com | LinkedIn | Twitter

From: Leo Caseria

Sent: Friday, October 8, 2021 8:19 PM

To: 'indagrodarryl@gmail.com' <indagrodarryl@gmail.com>

Cc: Thomas Tyson <ttyson@sheppardmullin.com>

Subject: FW: You have a message from someone via JD Supra...

Hi Darryl,

Thanks for reaching out. We don't have a zip file on the case, but here are some of the documents we do have.

What is your case about? What's the case name and number?

Let us know if you might need some help. Sheppard Mullin is one of the top antitrust firms in CA and also one of the top cannabis firms in CA.

Leo

Leo D. Caseria | Partner +1 202-747-1925 | Direct (Washington, DC)

+1 213-617-4206 | Direct (Los Angeles)

+1 310-405-1787 | Mobile LCaseria@sheppardmullin.com | Bio

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333 South Hope Street, 43rd Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071-1422 +1 213-620-1780 | main www.sheppardmullin.com | LinkedIn | Twitter

From: JD Supra Client Services < services@jdsupra.com>

Sent: Friday, October 8, 2021 7:27 PM

To: Vickie Spang < VSpang@sheppardmullin.com>

Cc: Leo Caseria <LCaseria@sheppardmullin.com>; Thomas Tyson <ttyson@sheppardmullin.com>

Subject: You have a message from someone via JD Supra...

You have a message from **Darryl Cotton** who found you on JD Supra

I'm finishing up a similar case here in San Diego. I tried to find it on the court dockets but it does not look like it can be found there. Do you have a zip file on the case perchance?

Source: California Jury Awards Millions to Cannabis Company in Antitrust Case

From: Darryl Cotton, indagrodarryl@gmail.com

Reply to this message now »

<u>Attention:</u> This message is sent by a law firm and may contain information that is privileged or confidential. If you received this transmission in error, please notify the sender by reply e-mail and delete the message and any attachments.

EXHIBIT-F



REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT

IN RE THE MATTER OF

FLORES et. al. versus AUSTIN et. al.

AUDIO-RECORDED PROCEEDING

INTERVIEW OF PHIL ZAMORA BY CARA ANDERSON

TRANSCRIBED ON: JULY 26, 2022
TRANSCRIBED BY: JENNIFER G. TORRES, CSR NO. 13022

```
1
              (Begin transcription of audio-recorded
             proceeding, file name:
3
             Candid-Chronicle-Cara-Anderson-Interview.)
5
             (Continuous inaudible background conversation.)
7
             MR. ZAMORA: It's all in the record after that.
8
             MS. ANDERSON: Okay.
9
             MR. ZAMORA: Again, where do you want to start is
10
    the real question?
11
             MS. ANDERSON: By the way so recording this but
12
    if you say off the record --
13
             MR. ZAMORA: Okay.
14
             MS. ANDERSON: -- whatever and then you can go
15
    back on the record.
16
             MR. ZAMORA: All right. No --
17
             MS. ANDERSON: And then we're good --
18
             MR. ZAMORA: -- that's fine.
             MS. ANDERSON: Okay.
19
20
             MR. ZAMORA: If you can edit it, that's -- that's
21
    cool, too, but I'm -- I will pretty much keep it --
22
             MS. ANDERSON: This is just for me --
23
             MR. ZAMORA: Between me -- yeah.
24
             MS. ANDERSON: -- to go back and listen to it.
25
             MR. ZAMORA: Okay.
```

- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- MR. ZAMORA: Literally, this all started about
- 3 2016.
- 4 MS. ANDERSON: Okay.
- 5 MR. ZAMORA: Give or take. You know what I mean?
- 6 It could have been 2015. But there's not much underlying,
- ⁷ fucking, you know, parameters that gave us this shit where
- 8 we're at right now.
- And what's going on right now in the industry was
- 10 a cluster fuck. It's obviously, like, unprofessional
- 11 people that are fucking trying to capitalize and make
- 12 something happen that shouldn't have happened --
- MS. ANDERSON: Are we safe back here?
- MR. ZAMORA: -- period.
- What's that?
- MS. ANDERSON: Are we safe back here?
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, absolutely. Yeah.
- MS. ANDERSON: Okay. All right.
- 19 MR. ZAMORA: What do you want to know? Let's
- 20 start there. 'Cause I can tell you -- I could start -- I
- 21 could start from my end. But what the fuck do you want to
- 22 know --
- MS. ANDERSON: Okay.
- MR. ZAMORA: -- is the real question?
- MS. ANDERSON: What do I want to know.

- MR. ZAMORA: We -- you can start with your
- questions. Write them down if you have to. I'll give
- 3 you --
- 4 MS. ANDERSON: Oh, I've got them.
- 5 MR. ZAMORA: -- everything you need to know.
- 6 MS. ANDERSON: So you told me a bit about how you
- 7 met them. I'll just give you a couple of things --
- 8 MR. ZAMORA: You want me to start with how I met
- 9 them?
- MS. ANDERSON: I'll give you a couple of things I
- 11 want to know.
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah.
- 13 MS. ANDERSON: I want to know how you met them.
- MR. ZAMORA: Okay.
- MS. ANDERSON: Your involvement with them.
- MR. ZAMORA: Okay.
- MS. ANDERSON: What unfolded with Biker.
- MR. ZAMORA: Okay.
- MS. ANDERSON: Why his wife never talked.
- MR. ZAMORA: Biker -- Biker and all that shit,
- 21 I'm not going to go on the record and say what was what.
- MS. ANDERSON: Okay.
- MR. ZAMORA: Because that's not -- that's not
- 24 touchable --
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.

- MR. ZAMORA: -- in terms of me.
- There are other people, I could put you in
- 3 contact with, that can actually tell you.
- 4 But what I will tell you is that that
- 5 motherfucker had the insight and had everything that he
- 6 had dialed out for a reason the way he had it. And his
- 7 death was very suspicious because of the way things went
- 8 down. There -- there is no reason that someone that was
- 9 in his position, regardless of the CT brain injury or
- depression or anything like that -- we all have that shit.
- MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- MR. ZAMORA: We all -- we all are suspect to
- 13 that.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- MR. ZAMORA: But this motherfucker was literally
- 16 top -- top dog. So Adam of PLPCC, fucking Balboa Avenue
- 17 Cooperative and there were several other fucking
- dispensaries that his name was on, they weren't able to
- move forward until he was gone.
- MS. ANDERSON: Okay.
- MR. ZAMORA: So once he was gone, that -- mean,
- obviously, it's gonna be up for the taking, right?
- MS. ANDERSON: Right.
- MR. ZAMORA: And what do you think happened?
- Obviously. So if you -- if you can trace it back far

- enough, you can actually understand where the fuck these
- 2 people were.
- 3 And his closest friends will even say, That
- 4 motherfucker would never, in his life, would have
- 5 committed suicide.
- And even the police report and everything that
- 7 had to do with his death, it did not equate to what the
- 8 fuck happened, like --
- 9 MS. ANDERSON: Did you read that ESPN article?
- MR. ZAMORA: No, I didn't.
- MS. ANDERSON: All right. So they referenced an
- 12 interview that he did in the past for like his X Games
- 13 shit --
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah.
- MS. ANDERSON: -- and in that he talks about how
- much he loves life.
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah.
- 18 MS. ANDERSON: And as soon as I --
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah.
- MS. ANDERSON: -- read that quote I was like --
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, the motherfucker would
- ²² definitely do it.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- 24 MR. ZAMORA: And -- and that's the thing. Like,
- 25 all his best friends even told me, they're like after I

- took over bal -- Balboa, they're like, Nah. These
- 2 motherfuckers are shady. You got to watch out.
- 3 Like people --
- 4 MS. ANDERSON: Who?
- 5 MR. ZAMORA: -- people -- I'm not gonna name
- 6 names --
- MS. ANDERSON: No, I mean who's shady?
- 8 MR. ZAMORA: Ninus Malan, fucking Salam, all
- 9 those motherfuckers, literally the motherfuckers that were
- 10 the ones that took over after he was gone.
- And it was actually Brad and fucking Adam that
- were the ones that ran PLPCC, Urban Leaf. Like Urban Leaf
- was supposed to be Balboa. Urban Leaf was supposed to be
- 14 Golden Bloom. Like, all -- all these fucking dispensaries
- that are here now were supposed to be under one flag. And
- that was the monopoly.
- MS. ANDERSON: Gotcha.
- MR. ZAMORA: That was -- that's what I was
- 19 telling you. That's why they're all fucking bullshit.
- 20 MS. ANDERSON: Who are those eight to ten dudes?
- MR. ZAMORA: They're all -- I'm not gonna name
- 22 names, but they're all fucking piece of shit, fucking
- 23 Chaldean fucks. Like, literally, these are all guys that
- 24 think they are bigger than life. They all drive fucking
- Land Rovers. Like, they don't -- they don't care about

- 1 the industry. They care more about their own pocket. And
- 2 they had been exploiting this industry for so long that's
- it's been a problem. You know what I mean?
- 4 MS. ANDERSON: (Inaudible) from the head.
- 5 MR. ZAMORA: So -- yeah, well, I mean Razuki,
- 6 like they said in that fucking article own -- owns
- 7 percentages in X, Y, Z. Like, all these dispensaries that
- 8 are out there in the world --
- 9 MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- MR. ZAMORA: -- from East County to here, they --
- they're all profiting from people that really are putting
- themselves on the line every day, and they're not giving
- 13 anything back. They don't care.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- MR. ZAMORA: It fails, it doesn't fail, whatever.
- 16 The reason they wanted the fucking hit on Ninus
- was because he played them. That's -- that's the
- 18 difference. You know what I mean? Like we're not --
- we're not in the position to be like, Oh, we know what the
- 20 fuck we're doing kind of shit?
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- MR. ZAMORA: Like people like Ninus were.
- So he knew -- he knew what he was doing, and he
- 24 kept telling them, I know what I'm doing. I know what I'm
- ²⁵ doing.

- But what happened?
- MS. ANDERSON: He ran it into the ground
- 3 (inaudible) --
- 4 MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, exactly. Exact --
- 5 MS. ANDERSON: -- (inaudible).
- 6 MR. ZAMORA: Exactly.
- 7 MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- 8 MR. ZAMORA: And why is that? Why is that?
- 9 Because he didn't know what the fuck he was
- 10 doing.
- MS. ANDERSON: He was taking money.
- MR. ZAMORA: He had no -- yeah, exactly.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- 14 MR. ZAMORA: And he was a fucking eight ball a
- day, fucking coke addict. Yeah, exactly.
- MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- 17 MR. ZAMORA: I mean you could see the writing is
- 18 on the fucking wall. So it is what it is. But we
- don't -- we don't go --
- 20 MS. ANDERSON: But what I don't understand about
- 21 him is it seems like he's got --
- MR. ZAMORA: Do you want to meet him?
- MS. ANDERSON: It seems like he's got money --
- 24 yeah, (inaudible) --
- MR. ZAMORA: Oh, yeah, of course. It seems

- 1 like --
- MS. ANDERSON: But I heard --
- 3 MR. ZAMORA: -- he has money --
- 4 MS. ANDERSON: I heard he's --
- 5 MR. ZAMORA: It seems like he has money.
- 6 MS. ANDERSON: I heard that he's in with like a
- 7 coke dealer, 'cause he owes him like two ki's or
- 8 something. Okay.
- 9 MR. ZAMORA: And we are not afraid of anybody.
- 10 (Inaudible). We've never had to be afraid of anybody.
- MS. ANDERSON: Do you know those ladies?
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, very well. And the one you're
- 13 referring to earlier --
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- MR. ZAMORA: -- I've met her like -- for like two
- seconds, but I understood her.
- Ninus even pointed out, like 100 percent, like,
- 18 Learn from her, like learn what she's saying. 'Cause she
- 19 knew litigation. She knew how to get away with certain
- 20 shit. So these people --
- MS. ANDERSON: You're talking about Gonzalez or
- 22 Juarez?
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, Juarez.
- 24 So these people are -- are able to identify the
- 25 rules and bend them. You know what I mean? They -- they

- 1 participate within them but they -- they will continually
- ² fucking take them and fucking manipulate them to their own
- 3 ends. And that's the problem with this industry. It's
- 4 like it's based on compassion, like care and shit like
- 5 that, right? As far as what we're told. These
- 6 motherfuckers are manipulating it to their own ends.
- 7 MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- 8 MR. ZAMORA: So you have -- even -- even
- 9 Gonzalez. Gonzalez is -- she's an amazing person. She's
- 10 an advocate for patient's rights and things like that.
- 11 But at the end, obviously, she's caught up on fucking
- 12 tape, fucking taking a thousand dollars from fucking what?
- 13 From Golden Bloom to fucking pay a hitman to kill Ninus
- 14 Malan. Like get the fuck out of here. Like --
- MS. ANDERSON: They're trying to say that she
- 16 didn't take the money from them.
- 17 MR. ZAMORA: Oh, okay. So then why is an
- informant literally quoting -- you know what I mean?
- 19 Like, why the fuck -- why is that even a thing?
- MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- MR. ZAMORA: Why is that even a thing?
- To -- to me and to what I know, she fucking hates
- 23 Ninus. She hates him. He's disgusting. He's a pig.
- 24 Word for word. Verbatim. Like what she's told me.
- 25 And she wanted to meet up with me after, like, me

- and him had a falling out. And the only reason me and him
- had a falling out -- a falling out was because I -- I
- 3 understood more about the industry than he was able to
- 4 allow to happen. Like he was --
- 5 MS. ANDERSON: (Inaudible).
- 6 MR. ZAMORA: He was the master of the chains and
- 7 I was, you know, a slave.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- 9 MR. ZAMORA: But these motherfuckers don't
- understand one thing. It's like this -- this plant and,
- 11 you know, everything, it's medicinal. It's gonna -- it's
- 12 gonna be grown everywhere. It's gonna take over the
- industry. Like, it's gonna do its own thing. They're
- 14 trying to capitalize on something that they can't
- 15 capitalize on. You can't capit --
- MS. ANDERSON: That's the shit I don't like.
- 17 MR. ZAMORA: Yeah. Well, I don't like it either.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- MR. ZAMORA: But there are people in this world
- 20 that want that. And if you go back throughout time, you
- 21 have dispensaries time and time again, whether it's
- 22 Mankind, whether it's a Green Alternative, whether it's
- fucking, you know, Elevated Greens or fucking -- whoever
- 24 the fuck it is, that I've sold -- I sold to every fucking
- dispensary here fucking in San Diego, legal or not, these

- 1 motherfuckers don't know how it's really gonna go down.
- 2 And -- and the sad thing is they're gon --
- 3 they're willing to exploit people. They're willing to
- 4 fucking put people on the line for -- for their own ends.
- 5 So that -- that's really what it comes down to. And
- that's why they're so fucked where they're at now.
- So this whole thing that's happening is --
- 8 it's -- it's almost -- it's almost perfect, because
- 9 they -- they -- they made their bed. They -- they have to
- 10 sleep in it. You know what I mean? Salam and all these
- 11 motherfuckers.
- 12 And Ninus -- Ninus is not a good guy. No matter
- 13 how they try to play it in the news, no matter what it is,
- 14 Ninus isn't a good guy, neither is Salam --
- MS. ANDERSON: People feel empathetic for his
- 16 situation but --
- MR. ZAMORA: Fuck him.
- MS. ANDERSON: -- everything we're getting --
- 19 MR. ZAMORA: Fuck him. I wanted to kill that
- 20 motherfucker. I'll say it on fucking record. I wanted to
- 21 fucking (inaudible) put a bullet in his head. They don't
- 22 have to pay me anything to do it. That motherfucker
- 23 robbed me of \$30,000. You know like nothing. Like that.
- MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- MR. ZAMORA: So there are people like that out

- there that are sharks. You know what I mean? And they --
- they do this for a reason. They're in this business for a
- 3 reason, because they can exploit people.
- 4 MS. ANDERSON: But you know that Razuki is out on
- 5 bail, right?
- 6 MR. ZAMORA: I can call my cousin right now. Do
- you want the whole story? I'll put him on speakerphone
- 8 and we can find out.
- 9 MS. ANDERSON: Who's your cousin?
- MR. ZAMORA: He was my personal body guard
- 11 throughout the whole fucking thing, and now he's working
- 12 for Salam.
- MS. ANDERSON: Anthony?
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah.
- MS. ANDERSON: I already talked to him.
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, yeah.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- MR. ZAMORA: What did you talk to him about?
- 19 Add let me get --
- MS. ANDERSON: Razuki.
- MR. ZAMORA: Let -- let me guess. Let me guess.
- He gave you the fucking yes, no, maybe so kind of thing.
- 23 Yeah.
- You want the real story?
- MS. ANDERSON: He seems like a good guy --

- MR. ZAMORA: No, he's not.
- MS. ANDERSON: -- but he's -- he's --
- 3 MR. ZAMORA: He's not. He has a rooster on his
- 4 neck. Yeah.
- 5 MS. ANDERSON: He has a what on his neck?
- 6 MR. ZAMORA: He has a rooster right here.
- 7 MS. ANDERSON: Okay.
- 8 MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, on his neck.
- 9 MS. ANDERSON: Gotcha.
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, that's my cousin.
- MS. ANDERSON: Gotcha.
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, that's my cousin. He's Lomas
- until he dies. Lomas 26. We're all gangsters. Like, our
- whole life, everything, all we know is being fucking
- 15 gangster. And that motherfucker will lie and fucking
- 16 cheat, steal, until --
- MS. ANDERSON: I know. He was painting a picture
- 18 for me.
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, yeah.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- 21 MR. ZAMORA: But -- but he's the smartest one out
- of all of them. He's the smartest one, because he will
- 23 play them. 'Cause they're -- they're stupid fucks.
- 24 They're -- they're Chaldean. They -- they have no say.
- 25 If you look at the prison system and you look at

- 1 how it really is, they have no say on the streets, so
- ² Chaldeans, Arabics, Armenians like none of those
- 3 motherfuckers really can give anything to the street level
- 4 that the Mexicans got.
- 5 MS. ANDERSON: Gotcha.
- 6 MR. ZAMORA: We're -- we're Mexican Mafia all day
- 7 for -- for life.
- MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- 9 MR. ZAMORA: Like I'll probably die saying this
- 10 shit to you but that is what it is. Like these
- 11 motherfuckers will defend that. They'll die for it. They
- 12 kick money up into the prison system like on a dispensary
- 13 level.
- 14 Look, we had fucking times where we thought Ninus
- was trying to rob us of integrity and fucking like
- 16 monetary like -- whatever name it.
- And my cousin's like, Hey, bro, you want to go in
- there and fucking put the red hand on his fucking shit.
- 19 You know what I mean? We'll -- we'll fucking take
- 20 everything in his dispensary. We'll fucking put him down
- on his knees. We'll bury him. It doesn't matter. All
- 22 this shit is like beyond what the news in the media is
- 23 really trying to make it to be.
- MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- MR. ZAMORA: It has nothing to do with this FBI

- informant, which is obvious. You're going to talk to
- 2 somebody, I mean come on.
- MS. ANDERSON: What's his name? Marciano or
- 4 something?
- 5 MR. ZAMORA: I don't know.
- 6 MS. ANDERSON: Oh, okay.
- 7 MR. ZAMORA: I don't want to know him, and I'm
- glad I never knew him.
- 9 The whole time I was -- I was the director of
- 10 their operations, my phone was tapped. I knew that.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- MR. ZAMORA: You can hear it. You can literally
- 13 hear the clicks. You can hear the whistles, all that
- 14 shit, like you're -- if you know what you're doing, you
- 15 know what you're doing. But that's all I can tell you.
- 16 But the -- the shit that they were doing was not
- okay. They were -- they were fucking people over.
- MS. ANDERSON: How?
- MR. ZAMORA: They were -- oh, mone -- like, they
- would muscle people into a corner and to the point where
- 21 they would make you feel like you did something wrong, no
- 22 matter what.
- MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- MR. ZAMORA: No matter what.
- MS. ANDERSON: And you can be as specific as

- possible and provide like --
- MR. ZAMORA: As specific as possible, let's say I
- 3 have fucking 15 apples. Let me be honest. I have 15
- 4 apples, right?
- 5 MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- 6 MR. ZAMORA: I had -- I had my apple orchard and
- 7 I fucking have 15 apples. They wanted all fucking 20 of
- 8 my apples but I only grew 15.
- 9 MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- MR. ZAMORA: And they're looking at you and
- 11 yelling at you like you only gave us fucking 15 apples.
- MS. ANDERSON: So what happened with the falling
- 13 out.
- 14 MR. ZAMORA: The falling out was based on me
- being smart enough to be like, You motherfuckers are
- 16 trying to fuck people out of, like, not even just like
- 17 basic shit. But, like, you motherfuckers are trying to
- 18 fucking take someone for their work and -- and multiply it
- on your end.
- Like they were literally trying to take
- 21 everything and give nothing. If I can -- if I can explain
- 22 it in so many words. Like they -- they had nothing to
- 23 bring to the table other than money. Like we -- we will
- 24 give you like everything you want. Like, oh, you can
- sell -- you can sell this dime bag for sixty bucks, and

- we'll give you everything.
- MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- 3 MR. ZAMORA: Fucking everything, but they can't
- 4 do that. They can't do that. They can't do anything.
- 5 MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- 6 MR. ZAMORA: These motherfuckers they're the
- 7 worst --
- 8 MS. ANDERSON: What will happen to him if he goes
- 9 into prison, though?
- MR. ZAMORA: What's that?
- MS. ANDERSON: What's gonna happen to him if he
- 12 goes to prison?
- MR. ZAMORA: Who?
- MS. ANDERSON: Razuki.
- MR. ZAMORA: Razuki? Nothing. He's going to get
- 16 fucked in the ass, and he's gonna love it. He's --
- 17 he's -- he's homo -- he's like a homosexual, hundred
- 18 percent. Hundred percent.
- MS. ANDERSON: He's got kids, too, right?
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, but he's like a closet homo --
- 21 homosexual.
- MS. ANDERSON: Okay.
- MR. ZAMORA: Hundred percent. Hundred percent.
- 24 I've saw him in that fucking back office again
- 25 and let me tell you, like, I can give you his phone

- 1 number. Like, literally, that guy is Satan like hundred
- percent.
- MS. ANDERSON: He's sick?
- 4 MR. ZAMORA: Satan.
- 5 MS. ANDERSON: Satan.
- 6 MR. ZAMORA: Satan. Like, literally, that guy is
- ⁷ the epitome of evil.
- 8 MS. ANDERSON: You afraid of him?
- 9 MR. ZAMORA: That -- that guy does not give a
- 10 fuck about anybody, you, me, left, right, up, down, that
- 11 guy doesn't care.
- MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- MR. ZAMORA: As long as he gets his money, he
- 14 doesn't care. And Ninus was his little punk. So Ninus
- being his pawn by having this fucking coke habit, coming
- down on other people, it was a recipe for a fucking
- ¹⁷ disaster.
- MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- 19 MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, it was terrible. But, yeah.
- 20 It -- it's weird. It -- that -- that is the, literally,
- one of the weirdest questions you could ask.
- MS. ANDERSON: Got five minutes on here.
- MR. ZAMORA: That's fine.
- MS. ANDERSON: What do you know about Gina.
- MR. ZAMORA: Gina was very smart but she was

- giving insider trading.
- MS. ANDERSON: How do you know that?
- 3 MR. ZAMORA: Because she sat in a fucking office
- 4 in Balboa with me and told us how she couldn't talk about
- 5 her other clients but still gave enough to tell us where
- 6 things were gonna be zoned based on like Lemon Grove and
- 7 East County zoning and that shit.
- 8 MS. ANDERSON: What did she tell you about Lemon
- 9 Grove?
- MR. ZAMORA: So it was -- it was, literally, like
- they pulled up a fucking map, like Google Maps, and they
- 12 fucking brought it down to like a fucking geographical
- 13 fucking point. And there's like the 94 Freeway -- I'm not
- 14 even shitting you -- 94 Freeway. And like this is all --
- this is all blue, right? This is all red. And we were --
- we were trying to buy property that was here, here, and
- 17 here.
- Ninus is like, I'm gonna go in on these -- these
- 19 three properties. What are you gonna do, Gina? What are
- you gonna do?
- 21 And Gina's like, I can't tell you what we're
- gonna do, 'cause that would be -- I gotcha.
- MALE SPEAKER: (Inaudible) somebody --
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, I gotcha you.
- MALE SPEAKER: Until somebody else comes and

- 1 tells me --
- MR. ZAMORA: I got you. What they want to do
- 3 about it?
- 4 MALE SPEAKER: (Inaudible) --
- 5 MR. ZAMORA: What do you want to do, Gina?
- And, literally, she's like, Fuck. Like that's
- 7 patient-client confidentiality. I can't breach that. As
- 8 a lawyer I cannot --
- 9 MS. ANDERSON: Did she, though?
- MR. ZAMORA: Not necessarily. In so many words,
- 11 no.
- 12 As -- if we're gonna tip toe around the fucking
- tulips, no. But if we're gonna be honest, yeah. Fuck,
- 14 yeah, she did.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, she -- she gave enough. Yeah.
- MS. ANDERSON: For what?
- MR. ZAMORA: For people to actually go in and
- 19 invest.
- MS. ANDERSON: Like what did she give?
- 21 MR. ZAMORA: In the sense that these properties,
- 22 if you buy them, you're gonna have a fucking line in
- 23 between one of those properties where it's gonna be your
- 24 side and their side, and then you two are gonna have to go
- 25 to court. Like they've always been in fucking court.

- 1 Right or wrong they --
- MS. ANDERSON: Uh-huh.
- MR. ZAMORA: -- that's all they -- that's all
- 4 they've been through. Razuki, fucking Ninus, that's all
- 5 they know is court. And that's why they're so good at
- 6 what they fucking do, 'cause they're able to litigate how
- 7 people are able to fucking differentiate the laws.
- 8 MS. ANDERSON: Do you remember any specific
- 9 properties that she was talking to you guys about?
- MR. ZAMORA: Fuck, dude. If you pull up a map, I
- 11 can actually --
- MS. ANDERSON: So just so you know, I've been
- 13 investigating Lemon Grove's --
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, I bet.
- MS. ANDERSON: -- dispensaries for two years.
- 16 MR. ZAMORA: And they're suspect is fucked.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- 18 MR. ZAMORA: They're suspect is fucked because
- 19 why? Tell -- you tell me why. You tell me why.
- Because they've been sold out. Because people
- 21 had used those as a fucking like lottery fucking ticket.
- 22 There are people in fucking Lemon Grove that have bought
- those properties and were like, Who wants to buy it?
- 24 Who -- who the fuck is coming up? Who's first? Who's
- 25 next? Who's left? Who's right?

- Dude, Ninus Malan is one of those guys that's
- like, We're gonna buy all three of these. I know the guy.
- 3 The -- it was a fucking African-American
- 4 gentleman -- right? -- that got fucking caught up for
- 5 beating the shit out of some other fucking white dude,
- 6 right? If I'm not mistaken.
- 7 MS. ANDERSON: There's -- there's a black guy
- 8 that got beat up by -- I think the guy is Mexican.
- 9 MR. ZAMORA: Other way around.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah, yeah.
- MR. ZAMORA: So he got -- he got the shit beat
- 12 out of him. The black guy was the one that was buying all
- 13 the property. The Mexican guy was one of the guys -- so
- 14 the way they do this shit, the person that owns the land,
- the person that owns the property owns the rights to the
- dispensary.
- The person that buys the fucking dispensary like,
- 18 literally, like, Oh, you have a dispensary there. Here --
- here's \$200,000 for your dispensary. Okay. Cool.
- They can't under sell it based on, Oh, the
- 21 property actually owns the rights to the dispensary.
- I give you \$200,000 -- that's what happened with
- 23 Brad at Balboa. Brad, Adam all bought in to fucking
- 24 Balboa, but they were forced out because Ninus bought the
- ²⁵ fucking actual land.

- MS. ANDERSON: (Inaudible).
- 2 MR. ZAMORA: Brad bought -- Brad and Adam bought
- 3 the fucking -- the -- the license.
- 4 MS. ANDERSON: So that black guy bought up a
- 5 bunch of properties and then what?
- 6 MR. ZAMORA: That's why he got his ass whipped.
- 7 It was -- it was a -- it was a fight.
- MS. ANDERSON: The guy -- that guy that beat him
- 9 up was a city councilman.
- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah.
- MS. ANDERSON: Yeah.
- MR. ZAMORA: Exactly.
- MS. ANDERSON: So what would the city councilman
- want to beat up this black guy?
- MR. ZAMORA: But what do you think he would do it
- 16 for? Money. Anyone that sits on those --
- MS. ANDERSON: But who's -- who's paying him to
- 18 do that, though?
- 19 MR. ZAMORA: He's paying himself. It goes into
- 20 his own pocket. Are you kidding me?
- MS. ANDERSON: But, like, what I'm trying to
- 22 understand is --
- MR. ZAMORA: Why would he fucking do it?
- MS. ANDERSON: I'm a journalist, not business
- 25 person --

- MR. ZAMORA: Yeah, of course.
- MS. ANDERSON: You know what I mean? So that's
- 3 why I'm asking.
- 4 MR. ZAMORA: So let me explain this to you.
- 5 MS. ANDERSON: Like, do you know specifically why
- 6 he did that, where he gets the kickbacks from?
- 7 MR. ZAMORA: Let me explain it to you. Let me
- 8 explain it to you.
- 9 He doesn't get kickbacks.
- MS. ANDERSON: Okay.
- MR. ZAMORA: He owns it. It goes right -- it
- 12 goes right back into his own pocket.
- MS. ANDERSON: What does he own?
- 14 MR. ZAMORA: If he owns those land plots or if he
- owns the licenses, they go right back into his own pocket.
- MS. ANDERSON: So you think the councilman owns
- those properties?
- 18 MR. ZAMORA: Of course. Are you fucking kidding
- 19 me?
- You got it, bro. It's all right. Don't worry
- 21 about it.
- MS. ANDERSON: Okay.
- MR. ZAMORA: Thank you.
- 24 Are you fucking kidding me? Of course, he does.
- MS. ANDERSON: Is that a fact, though?

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1
              MR. ZAMORA: Dude, you want to look it up? You
2
    can look at -- you can actually look this shit up.
3
              MS. ANDERSON: So I'm confused, though. If he
4
    owns the properties, how did the black guy buy them?
5
              MR. ZAMORA: Because the black guy probably
6
    opened the license or owned the licenses.
7
              MS. ANDERSON: (Inaudible).
8
              (End transcription of audio-recorded proceeding,
9
10
              file name:
11
              Candid-Chronicle-Cara-Anderson-Interview.)
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I, Jennifer G. Torres, Certified Shorthand Reporter
4	for the State of California, do hereby certify:
5,	
6	That the foregoing proceeding is a verbatim
7	transcription prepared from the electronic sound recording
8	provided to me of the proceedings in the above-entitled
9 -	matter; that the foregoing is a true and accurate
10	transcript of said proceedings to the best of my ability.
11	
12	Dated thislst day of, 2022
13	at San Diego, California.
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19	JENNIFER G. TORRES CSR No. 13022
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