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3	BLAKE LAW FIRM 533 2nd Street, Suite 250	02/22/2023 at 03:44:00 PM Clerk of the Superior Court
	Encinitas, CA 92024	By E- Filing, Deputy Clerk
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6	Attorneys for Defendant,	
7	STEPHEN LAKE	
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO – CENTRAL DIVISION	
10		
11	AMV SHEDLOGV on individual and an	Case No. 37-2021-00050889-CU-AT-CTL
12	AMY SHERLOCK, an individual and on behalf of her minor children, T.S. and S.S., ANDREW FLORES, an individual,	Case No. 37-2021-00050889-CU-A1-C1L
13	Plaintiffs,	DEFENDANT STEPHEN LAKE'S
14		OPPOSITION TO EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR STAY OF ACTION
15	VS.	FORSTAT OF ACTION
16	GINA M. AUSTIN, an individual; AUSTIN LEGAL GROUP, a professional corporation,	
17	LARRY GERACI, an individual, REBECCA BERRY, an individual; JESSICA	Hearing Date: February 23, 2023 Hearing Time: 8:30 a.m.
	MCELFRESH, an individual; SALAM	Treating Time. 0.30 a.m.
18	RAZUKI, an individual; NINUS MALAN, an individual; FINCH, THORTON, AND	Case Filed: December 3, 2021
19	BARID, a limited liability partnership; ABHAY SCHWEITZER, an individual and	Department: Dept. C-75 Judge: Hon. James A. Mangione
20	dba TECHNE; JAMES (AKA JIM)	Trial Date: Not Set
21	BARTELL, an individual; NATALIE TRANG-MY NGUYEN, an individual,	
22	AARON MAGAGNA, an individual; BRADFORD HARCOURT, an individual;	
23	SHAWN MILLER, an individual; LOGAN STELLMACHER, an individual;	
	EULENTHIAS DUANE ALEXANDER, an	
24	individual; STEPHEN LAKE, an individual, ALLIED SPECTRUM, INC., a California	
25	corporation, PRODIGIOUS COLLECTIVES, LLC, a limited liability company, and DOES 1	
26	through 50, inclusive,	
27	Defendants.	
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TO THE COURT, ALL PARTIES AND TO THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

Defendant STEPHEN LAKE ("Defendant"), hereby opposes the ex parte application of Plaintiffs, attorney Andrew Flores, Amy Sherlock and her two minor children, T.S. and S.S. ("Plaintiffs") for an order seeking a stay of this action. The Opposition is based on the following argument.

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Because it is unclear whether Plaintiffs' application is targeting as stay of the action as to Defendant GINA AUSTIN ("AUSTIN") only or to *all* Defendants, Defendant offers this opposition to the extent that Plaintiffs are attempting to stay their case against Defendant. Plaintiffs' serial *ex parte* application to stay the case offers the same argument and the same facts present at the time their first *ex parte* application to stay – also based, like this one, on *CCP* § 916(a) – was denied back on October 27, 2022. [*See Dkt. No. 181*]. For the same reasons the Court outlined in denying Plaintiffs' request in October, Plaintiffs' second bite at the apple should also be denied. The only remaining claims against Defendant do not include or reference to AUSTIN, whose appeal is the subject of Plaintiffs' *ex parte* application. Thus, Plaintiffs cannot reasonably argue that the claims against Defendant are "embraced" by the appeal, nor do Plaintiffs even feign an attempt to do so.

As it relates to Defendant, Plaintiffs request should be denied and the case should be permitted to move forward.

B. <u>LEGAL ARGUMENT</u>

As Plaintiffs point out, the purpose of *CCP* § 916(a) is to stay all further trial court proceedings on "the matters embraced" in or "affected by" the appeal. Notably, the trial court may proceed upon any other matter embraced in the action and not affected by the judgment or order. *Id.* The purpose is to prevent a judge from altering the appealed judgment or order by conducting other proceedings that may affect it, thereby causing the appeal to be futile. *Varian Med. Sys., Inc. v. Delfino* (2005) 35 Cal.4th 189, 189. The Court must consider the possible outcomes of the appeal in relation to the proceeding and its possible results; whether a matter is embraced in or affected by a judgment or order within the meaning of *CCP* § 916 depends on whether the proceedings on the matter would have any effect on the "effectiveness" of the appeal. *Id.* Plaintiffs reliance on *Varian*

misstates the holding. Notably, the *Varian* court held that an appeal of an order granting or denying an anti-SLAPP motion *automatically stays* all further trial court proceedings on the merits *of the causes of action targeted by the motion*. *Varian Medical Systems, Inc. v. Delfino* (2005) 35 Cal.4th 180, 191-192.

First and foremost, the Court entertained this same motion by Plaintiffs back on October 26, 2022. Based on the same arguments now raised again in this motion, the Court *denied* Plaintiffs' request. Nothing has changed and Plaintiffs have offered no reason as to why the Court should overturn its prior ruling.

Second, the causes of action targeted by the Austin anti-SLAPP are *wholly unrelated to Plaintiffs' claims against Defendant*. The claims against Defendant stem from his involvement with the Balboa Property and the Ramona Property. *See FAC* ¶¶ 67, 70. However, in her anti-SLAPP motion, Austin declared under the penalty of perjury that she had no involvement with Ramona Property and her involvement with the Balboa Property was helping Mr. Sherlock fill out a CUP application, which has nothing to do with the claims against Austin that are the subject of the anti-SLAPP. *See ROA* 45, Austin Declaration, ¶¶ 2-3.

Third, there is no tie to the remaining causes of action against Defendant and Austin. Plaintiff's First and Seventh Causes of Action for Violation of the Cartwright Act and Conspiracy have respectively been dismissed. Plaintiff's Second Cause of Action for Conversion is not stated against Austin – only Defendant, Harcourt, Prodigious, and Allied. Plaintiff's Third Cause of Action for Civil Conspiracy likewise makes no reference to Austin and is stated only against Defendant and Harcourt. Plaintiff's Fourth Cause of Action for Declaratory Relief is, again, not stated against Austin but only against Lake, Harcourt, Razuki, Malan, Prodigious, and Allied. Plaintiff's Fifth and final Cause of Action alleged against Defendant for Unfair Competition offers nothing that would even remotely tie Defendant and Austin.

Put simply, there is nothing in the *ex parte* application or the Austin anti-SLAPP that would provide any indication that the causes of action targeted by the Austin anti-SLAPP are the same or even similar to those asserted against Defendant. Nor is there any concern whatsoever that any ruling on the claims against Defendant would impact in any way the effectiveness of the Austin anti-

SLAPP judgment on appeal. Plaintiff certainly offers nothing in the ex parte papers that would support a stay of the claims against Defendant. C. CONCLUSION For the above stated reasons, along with those relied upon the Court in denying the same motion brought by Plaintiffs back on October 26, 2022, the ex parte application should be denied. Dated: February 22, 2023 **BLAKE LAW FIRM** By: STEVEN W. BLAKE, ESQ. ANDREW E. HALL, ESQ. Attorneys for Defendant, STEPHEN LAKE